

# Hawaiian Gazette.

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WHOLE NO. 2099.

## Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

W. N. ARMSTRONG, EDITOR.

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## 41st ANNIVERSARY

Of the Oldest Banking Establish-  
ment in Honolulu.

### HISTORY OF THE INSTITUTION

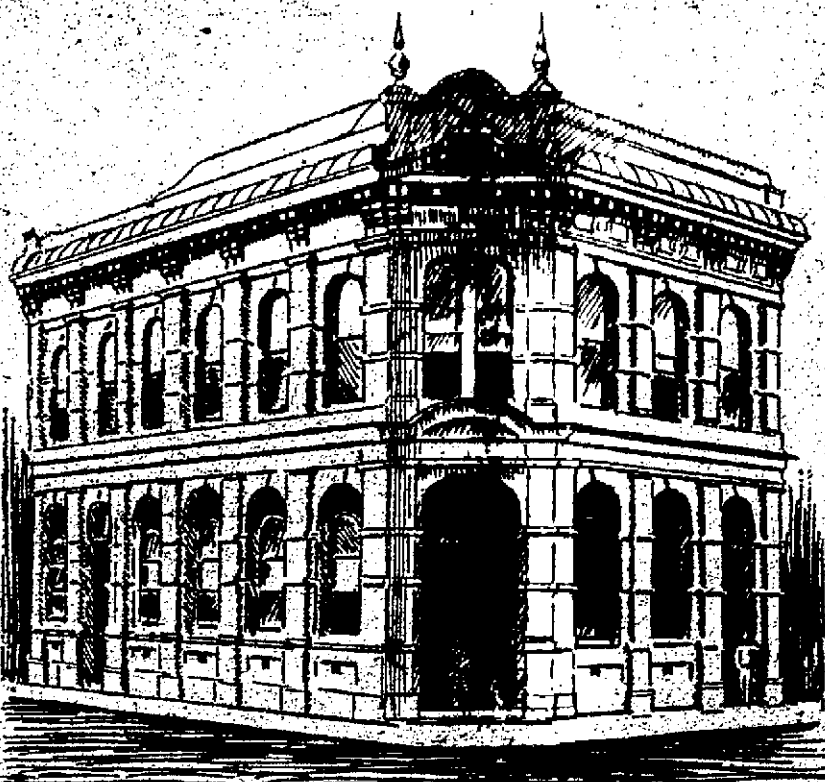
Reminiscence of the Bank Days When  
the Bank of California  
West Down.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

The numerous patrons of the Bank of Bishop & Co. may be somewhat surprised to learn that it was exactly forty-one years ago today that Charles R. Bishop first threw open the door of the pioneer banking establishment of Honolulu. The door which he opened led into a very modest and unpretentious establishment, and for a long time Mr. Bishop was able to do all the business of the bank with little or no assistance. But it is from just such small beginnings that some of the largest financial institutions in London and Paris have emerged from obscurity to control the finances of a nation in fewer years than have elapsed since the bank of Bishop & Co. commenced business. From very modest pretensions and unassuming quarters Mr. Bishop soon built up a banking business which necessitated the erection of a modern bank building for its accommodation. Within the past year it has been necessary to again increase the space devoted to the bank's business, besides adding to the number of its employees.

The history of the Bank of Bishop & Co. is identified with the history of the Islands, no matter in what direction one may turn. It has furnished funds time and again without which the Government could hardly have been carried on, and especially has this been the case since the change from the monarchy to a republic. It is hard to say what would have been the financial condition of the Republic of Hawaii had it not had the advantage derived from Mr. Damon's financial experience and discretion and the backing which his standing in the banking world carried with it. The finances of the Government of Hawaii today are in better condition than ever before and so is the business of Bishop & Co., the credit being due to the man who has controlled them both.

The Bank of Bishop & Co. was originally established on August 17, 1858, by Charles R. Bishop and W. A. Aldrich, the latter of whom died in Oakland, California, in 1893. The bank's original correspondents in San Francisco were Morgan, Stone & Co., then



BISHOP & CO.'S BANK BUILDING.

(The Oldest Banking Institution in Honolulu.)

Paty was admitted, he having been an employee of the bank from 1859, or when it was a year old. Samuel M. Damon was admitted to partnership in the firm on September 1, 1881.

When the Bank of Bishop & Co. commenced operations it occupied a mere corner of the office of A. J. Cartwright in the brick building erected about 1855 on the spot which is now the corner of Queen and Kaahumanu streets. The handsome building now occupied by the bank on the corner of Merchant and Kaahumanu streets, of which a cut is herewith presented, was erected especially for the bank and was occupied in 1877. During the first year of the bank's existence Mr. Bishop kept the books himself and his banking hours during his tenancy of the old building were from 9 to 4 o'clock. Mr. Paty, on entering the employ, took charge of the books, being succeeded in that duty on his promotion to partnership by Mr. Stillman.

From that modest beginning the institution prospered until on the thirty-first anniversary, in 1888, the services of nine clerks were required to transact its rapidly increasing business. As a matter of record and interest to Kamaaina it may be stated that their names were: F. W. Macfarlane, H. M. Stillman, C. J. Deering, J. M. Dowsett, J. H. Fisher, C. Hustace Jr., C. Mett, J. Oliver Carter Jr., and C. A. Gellette. On August 31, 1892, J. H. Paty withdrew from the firm, and it was then continued by Messrs. Bishop and Damon, together until May 31, 1895, at which time Mr. Damon succeeded to Mr. Bishop's interest, becoming sole proprietor until July 1, 1895, a month later, when J. H. Fisher and H. E. Waity became partners. Mr. Fisher had

at the abnormally high rate of interest of 1 per cent per month from a San Francisco syndicate, which amount was devoted to tiding the planting interest over a perilous crisis. The bank made absolutely nothing out of this transaction, but had the satisfaction of saving the country by preserving, at a perilous financial crisis, its mainstay from falling.

The sole management of Charles R. Bishop created general confidence in the bank from its earliest period, a confidence that the public has never placed in any other bank on the high road to prosperity. Since Mr. Bishop retired from active participation in the management some six years since, Hon. Samuel M. Damon, the present Minister of Finance of the Hawaiian Republic, assumed that responsibility, and under his conservative and wise direction the bank has become more prosperous than ever.

Once and once only has the bank been threatened with even a partial withdrawal of public confidence on the part of the community, and that was on a Sunday morning about thirty years ago when news reached Honolulu that the Bank of California had failed. The relations of Bishop & Co. with that bank were well known, and had it been any other day but Sunday there would probably have been a run on the bank which might have taxed its resources severely. As it was, a small crowd of excited depositors with equally small accounts gathered in front of the bank, and led by a sea-lawyer employed in the Honolulu Iron Works, commenced clamoring for their money. Word was sent to Mr. Damon, who had that morn-



H. E. WAITY.

HON. S. M. DAMON.

J. H. FISHER.

THE PRESENT PARTNERS IN BISHOP & CO.'S BANK.

McBuer & Merrill, who, in turn, were succeeded by the Bank of California. Mr. Aldrich withdrew from the firm in 1868, owing to the failure of Charles W. Brooks & Co., with whom he was identified. Upon his retirement W. C. Ralston took his interest, and continued the partnership until he became president of the Bank of California. Then Charles R. Bishop bought Mr. Ralston out and continued the bank as sole partner until May 1, 1875, when J. H.

1893, and Mr. Waity from December 31, 1894.

On the present anniversary besides the members of the partnership, the increasing business of the bank necessitates the employment of the following force: W. G. Ashley, Charles A. Bon, J. O. Carter Jr., Carl Mett, J. H. Makensie, W. B. Scott, Alex. Garvie, C. Berg, Norman Halstead, Miss Regelsberger, Ho Pon, Young Tong, G. Nakamura and Kaluna.

The Bank of Bishop & Co. has been closely identified with the commercial and industrial progress of the Hawaiian Islands. Its operations began with the encouragement of the whaling business, the leading industry of the Islands in those early years of its civilization. When the sugar industry was in its inception as well as when it was developed, Messrs. Bishop & Co. again and again proved its strong right arm. Once the firm borrowed \$500,000

ing returned from Maui, and he at once came down to the bank. Quickly grasping the situation, he ordered the doors thrown open—Sunday morning though it was—and posted a notice on the bank that any depositor wishing his money would be paid forthwith. Calling the ringleader of the crowd in to the bank, Mr. Damon insisted on paying him the amount of his deposit then and there. Although, when the money was being counted out to him he begged to be allowed to leave it in the bank. No one else called for their deposits, but all that day Mr. Damon stood at his post prepared to pay any and all comers. Monday morning came but there was no run; public confidence was restored. If it had ever really been shaken, and business went on as usual. The case of the day's business showing a large excess of depos-

## DEAL IN HONOKAA

Whether It Will Come Off De-  
pends on Stockholders.

### WHAT BROKER POLLITZ PROPOSES

Stock to be Listed on San Francisco Ex-  
change if Certain Conditions  
Are Accepted.

There is another deal on in Honokaa

stock. Several of the more prominent stockholders in this plantation met on Wednesday to consider a proposition submitted by Broker Ed Pollitz, and after some discussion it was agreed to give the proposition a favorable answer, with the understanding that enough of the smaller stockholders were to be sounded yesterday, and if they agreed with the larger holders a public meeting was to be called and the trade ratified. This accounts for the sales of 600 shares between boards reported yesterday afternoon at \$27.50.

To properly understand the situation, it should be stated that there are 100,000 shares of the stock of the Honokaa Sugar Company outstanding of the par value of \$20 and that the stock was quoted on the board yesterday at \$27.50 bid and \$27.75 asked. Mr. Pollitz, by previous purchases already owned 15,000 of these shares and it is said has added largely to his holding during his present visit.

The proposition now made by Mr. Pollitz is to pay \$25 per share to all holders of Honokaa stock, big and little, for 30 per cent of the amount they hold. That is, if Tom Smith owns one hundred shares of Honokaa Mr. Pollitz wants twenty of them at \$25, or \$25.00 less than the price offered yesterday. That is, for this "option," which may develop into a sale, Mr. Pollitz agrees to list the stock on the San Francisco board at the upset price of \$25 per share, and to do his best to create a big demand for the stock so that those who sold him one-fourth of their stock at a loss may sell the other four-fifths at a gain.

It was said on the street yesterday by a few of the knowing ones that the deal was likely to go through.

### UNFORTUNATE FISHERMEN.

Had Nothing to Eat or Drink for  
Twenty-four Hours.

Four famished Portuguese fishermen who had been in the sloop Volante off the Molokai coast during the past week called into port yesterday afternoon. Boarding officer John Short of the Customs lost no time in getting out to her supposing the craft to be the yacht La Paloma from San Francisco now due any day. The Volante's crew had had nothing to eat or drink for 24 hours. The unfortunate fishermen report losing two anchors in the rough weather prevailing off the Molokai banks.

### John F. Scott Improving.

There was a change for the better yesterday in the condition of John F. Scott, who was stricken with paralysis Tuesday night. The strong constitution of the sufferer is his main bulwark. During the afternoon he was able to recognize a number of his friends.

### Will Not Hang August 28.

Ihara, the Japanese sentenced to death for his part in the murder of Chinese at Kakuhi, will not be hanged on Monday, August 28, at Oahu Jail, as stated in an afternoon paper, for the simple reason that the Supreme Court has not yet rendered judgment on his appeal.

### Met at Balreuth.

At Balreuth, Mr. and Mrs. F. Swaney recently attended the first opera of the Tetralogy. They discovered, after taking their seats, that the seats next to them were occupied by Mr. W. R. Castle Jr., and several college friends. After the performance the parties joined in a supper and visited for several days.

### More Road Work.

Yesterday morning Acting Road Overseer Garvie started a large gang of men at work widening and completing Beretania street from the Tramway's stables to Kapakapu road. For this improvement an appropriation of \$12,000 has been made, and it is intended to do the work in the best possible manner and also as rapidly as possible.

In a couple of days the Road Department will begin widening and macadamizing the road from Keonenua, on

King street, to the insane asylum. This is known as the asylum road and has needed attention for some years; in fact, ever since it was built. It is at present about wide enough for one rig, but after the new work is completed it will be about thirty feet wide. The appropriation for this, including road damages, is \$5,000.

During the last few days a gang of laborers have been placed on the Ekepuhahi road, which will be improved and covered with crushed stone dressing.

### Japanese Cutting Scrape.

A Japanese named Maidawa was brought from Kakaia to the police station yesterday morning. At about the same time his victim was taken to the Queen's Hospital suffering from ugly knife wounds. During the previous evening the men had quarreled. A knife flashed and in a moment Maidawa had fallen to the floor with two bad cuts in his head and one in his back. The wounded man was brought to the Queen's Hospital yesterday. He has a chance for his life.

### NARROW STREETS.

To Relieve the Traffic on a Main  
Thoroughfare.

Some time ago this paper mentioned a plan which had been proposed in order to relieve Fort street of some of its traffic. It was suggested that a cut be made through the premises occupied by the Arlington Hotel, then through the lumber yard of Lewers & Cooke, thence to Queen. It would take comparatively little trouble to complete it from that point to the waterfront. As Union street starts at Hotel street, just opposite the Arlington entrance, this plan, if carried out, would afford a continuous thoroughfare connecting the waterfront with all parts of the city.

"The idea is most certainly a good one," said Minister King yesterday, when the subject was brought to his attention. "On account of Fort street being so narrow as it is something will have to be done in the near future to relieve it of a portion of its traffic. The idea suggested would accomplish the end sought for. It will probably be a long time, however, before that could be done, as a special appropriation by the Legislature would be necessary. The traffic of all the streets has largely increased lately, but this is especially true of Fort street, which is the great business artery of the city. There is no easier way for a Kamaaina to realize Honolulu's growth than to walk down Fort street on a pleasant afternoon and compare its present animated appearance with that of a few years past."

### OAHU COLLEGE TRUSTEES.

Important Meeting on Proposed  
New Preparatory Building.

The trustees of Oahu College will meet this afternoon at 1:30 o'clock. The subject that will be brought up for discussion is the proposed erection of an additional preparatory school. The past year has been a most successful one in every way for the college, and the increased attendance has demonstrated the necessity of having increased preparatory facilities.

The site will also be discussed. A number of opinions have been offered, some advocating the choice of a central location, while others favored building on the college grounds in close proximity to the college proper. It is planned to have the new preparatory school so arranged that the lower grades up to about the fourth will be kept entirely distinct from the upper classes.

### Young Hawaiians.

The meeting of the Young Hawaiians' Institute at Foster Hall was enthusiastically attended last evening.

The report of the financial secretary for the six months ending June 30, 1899, was read and submitted. It showed that \$333.75 was collected for dues, building fund, assessment and initiation fees.

The report of the treasurer was read and submitted, showing that the receipts for the same period were \$264.60. The disbursements were:

D. A. Kahookano, for sick ben-	est	\$37 00
Geo. N. Shaw, for sick benefit	5 00	
S. I. Kakuana, for sick benefit	30 00	
Sam Kaunamano, for sick ben-	7 00	
Miscellaneous items of expense	97 41	
Investments	566 00	
Cash balance	221 69	
Total	\$564 60	

The nominations for officers for the coming half-year resulted in the present officers being asked to serve again, viz: George H. Hudd, president; George L. Desha, vice president; I. H. Sherwood, secretary; James L. Holt, financial secretary; Charles L. Wilcox, treasurer; and T. P. Cummins, marshal.

The election will take place next month. The members of the Institute pride themselves on the financial showing made and also on the recent increase of membership. Princess David and Cupid are among the recently elected members.



## ROOT THE REBELS

MacArthur's Men Defeat Six Thousand Filipino.

### TREACHEROUS PLOTS NIPPED

Insurgents Leave Many of Their Number Dead and Wounded on the Field.

MANILA, Aug. 9, 12:25 p. m.—General MacArthur's force, consisting of 4,000 men, advanced five miles beyond San Fernando today and encountered and defeated a Filipino force of 6,000 men. The enemy retreated, leaving many dead and wounded. The American loss in killed and wounded was 20.

MANILA, Aug. 9, Later.—The American loss in the fighting about San Fernando was known, at 3 o'clock, to be eight men killed and twenty-six wounded. It may possibly exceed these figures, as the line is five miles long and it is impossible at this hour to hear from every point.

MANILA, August 8.—General MacArthur has thwarted a plot to murder his garrison at San Fernando and burn the city. When MacArthur's column took possession of the place and established the garrison there a large number of natives who professed friendship flocked in. The majority of them professed to be members of the Macabebes tribe, traditional enemies of the Tagalogs. They performed many acts of kindness to the American force and were rapidly gaining the confidence of the officers.

Recently they asked for permission to take the field and fight the forces of Aguinaldo and presented a plan for arming a large force of their tribesmen. The plan was viewed with favor, but MacArthur was cautious and decided to make a searching investigation before he took any action. His spies discovered that the supposed friendly plan was in reality a plot aimed at the massacre of the garrison and destruction of the city.

He at once ordered every person not a property owner in San Fernando to leave the city and used force in the execution of the order. Men, women and children were driven outside of the American lines. The experience of MacArthur will have a tendency to make other garrison commanders throughout the islands extremely careful. The rebels have cut the cable between Calamba and Taguig.

MANILA, August 9.—10:30 A. M.—Another plot against the peace of Manila has been discovered and checked. There has been a strong suspicion that for some time past insurgents were among the natives entering Manila. The provost marshal took steps to learn if these suspicions were true, and soon discovered that rebels had entered the city and were actively plotting to start riots. They were also engaged in smuggling arms for the use of the enemy. At midnight last night the men engaged in hunting down the conspirators located their headquarters in a cigar factory in Binondo.

A company of the Sixth Artillery, under command of Captain Ames, was at once dispatched to the place, which was surrounded. Then some of the soldiers raided the factory and captured forty-three rebels, including a number of officers belonging to the Filipino army. There were more men in the building, but they managed to make their escape by means of the roof of the factory and adjoining buildings. It is believed, however, that the authorities have succeeded in crippling a powerful gang that was doing valuable service for the enemy.

MANILA, August 9.—The attack was opened at 5 o'clock in the morning, a battery of the First artillery shelling Bacolor on the left. Simultaneously Bell's Thirty-sixth infantry struck Bacolor from the south and drove the rebels out. Armored cars, each with a 6-pounder and two Gatling revolving cannon on board, were then mounted on the railroad track in the center of our lines. Soon afterwards the guns did sharp execution.

Battery M of the Third artillery and 100 men of the Iowa regiment made a feint towards Mexico, while the main body of troops, consisting of the Iowa regiment, the Seventeenth regiment and a battalion of the Twenty-second, under General Wheaton on the right, and the Ninth regiment, Twelfth regiment and Bell's regiment, under General Liscum on the left, advanced steadily, pouring their fire into the rebels and receiving a heavy fire in return.

The rebels were well protected by their trenches and seemed not to lack ammunition. But they were unable to withstand for any length of time the

### THE SATURNUS.

MANILA, Aug. 9.—The steamer Saturnus of the Compania Maritima, coasting under the American flag, was discovered on August 2 by the United States gunboat Pampanga beached at San Fernando under the insurgent trenches there. The steamer was boarded by an armed boat's crew and the passengers were taken off. The cargo, consisting of general merchandise and \$100,000 in specie, had been sacked. Several attempts to tow the Saturnus off were unsuccessful. The Pampanga then left San Fernando in search of further assistance, whereupon the insurgents returned and set fire to the vessel.

The United States gunboat Yorktown arrived here yesterday after bombarding San Fernando. The Saturnus, she reported, was still smoldering and the steamer was a total wreck.

hall of shot our artillery and infantry poured in on them, and retreated, leaving dead and wounded on the field. A dozen prisoners were captured by our troops.

The reports indicate that the Ninth Infantry suffered the most, though the casualties of all the regiments are not yet reported.

The weather was extremely hot and our troops suffered greatly, but there was no faltering.

A company of the Sixth regiment went to the relief of Bell's regiment this afternoon. The firing, except at isolated points, had ceased by 10 o'clock.

WASHINGTON, August 9.—General Otis confirms the report of a battle at San Fernando in the following cablegram:

MANILA, August 9.—Adjutant General, Washington: MacArthur, with four thousand men, attacked insurgent army, six thousand strong, concentrated around San Fernando, 5:15 this morning. At 10 o'clock a. m. had driven it five miles in direction of Angeles. Casualties few. Attack ordered for 7th inst.; rain did not permit movement. Railway from Angeles north badly washed by unprecedented floods of last six weeks, beyond ability of insurgents to repair.

## GOOD MAN WANTED

To Answer Questions at Washington.

Must be a Walking Encyclopedia and Acceptable to the Executive Council.

At the Cabinet meeting yesterday morning most of the session was taken up with a discussion regarding the advisability of sending some man to Washington. The idea is to have this party go, not as an official or diplomatic representative of the Government, but to act in an encyclopedic capacity. He is to be a veritable budget of information, so that when Hawaiian legislation occupies the attention of the nation's lawmakers there may be some one present, accredited and of standing, to answer whatever inquiries may be propounded in regard to the islands. The names of several prominent gentlemen were mentioned, but no selection was made. It is expected that a choice will be decided upon in a few days.

The Cabinet will meet every day now until the large amount of accumulated business has been passed upon.

### SUPREME COURT.

Decides a Koloa Sugar Company Ejectment Suit.

Justice Frear writes the opinion of the Supreme Court, which is unanimous, in the case of the Koloa Sugar Company vs. William Brown and Luukia Nakapahu, on exceptions from the Circuit Court of the Fifth Circuit. The exceptions are sustained and a new trial is granted.

The points involved in the suit are thus stated in the syllabus:

A verdict in ejectment held contrary to the law and the evidence. Adverse possession does not begin to run in favor of one holding under a tenant, even under an attempted transfer in fee from the tenant, until at least notice of the adverse nature of the occupant's claim is brought clearly to the attention of the landlord. Judgment non obstante verdicto may be awarded under our practice on the evidence as well as on the pleadings, but not where the facts are contested.

### Another Opium Seizure.

Another opium catch was made last night. At about 11 o'clock P. Force, quartermaster on the Galie, attempted to pass the gate. When Guard George W. Jones tried to search him he endeavored to break away. Two lines were found upon him. Inspector Drummond was called and escorted the man to the Police Station.

## THE LION ROARS

Decisive Utterances By Secretary Chamberlain.

### ENGLAND WILL NEVER GO BACK

British Predominance in Transvaal Menaced By Refusal of Boers to Redress Grievances.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—Replying to various questions in the House of Commons today, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies, said no official confirmation had been received of the report that the Transvaal had declined to agree to a joint inquiry into the effect which the franchise reforms will have on the Outlanders. Several regiments, he added, were about to be dispatched to South Africa for the defense of Natal, in response to the request of the Natal Government, and preparation was being made for all contingencies.

Later, replying to Mr. T. P. O'Connor, Irish Nationalist member for the Scotland division of Liverpool, Mr. Chamberlain deprecated a resumption of the debate on the Transvaal situation, which, he pointed out, while serious, still remains doubtful.

The Colonial Secretary added that he sincerely hoped that the report saying the inquiry proposal had been rejected was untrue. While he regretted the necessity of answering Mr. O'Connor, it would be a fatal mistake to allow the latter's views that a war was entirely needless, and that the Government ought to express willingness to wait, maybe twenty-five years, for a redress of the grievances of which they complained, to be considered.

He added: "The representative opinions of even the small minority in the House of Commons, or anything but the most insignificant minority in the United Kingdom, on the Government's policy, have been clearly expressed. We recognize the grievances of the Outlanders, and have said that these grievances are not merely themselves a serious cause for interposition, but are a source of danger to the whole of South Africa. We say our predominance is menaced by the action of the Transvaal in refusing to redress the grievances or give consideration to requests hitherto put in the most moderate language of suzerain power. We say that this state of things cannot be tolerated. We have put our hands to the plow, and won't draw back. With that statement I propose to rest content."

The additional troops ordered to be in readiness for transportation to South Africa include a battalion of the Grenadier Guards and three batteries of artillery.

### LOOKS WARLIKE.

London, Aug. 9.—The gravity of the Transvaal situation is generally regarded to have been increased by the latest news and the tone of Mr. Chamberlain's statement on the eve of the prorogation of Parliament adversely affected prices on the stock exchange where, however, the prices of South African securities are now above the worst. Consols were dull.

### Charged With Murder.

The charge of murder in the first degree hangs over the head of Domingo Marcello, the Italian laborer who shot and killed his fellow-workman, Bissini, last Saturday. Marcello did not know until yesterday afternoon that the row had ended fatally. Since he gave himself up he has hardly spoken and has seemed to look for the worst. When informed by Deputy Marshal Chillingworth that the charge would be murder in the first degree, Marcello took it with apparent calmness. The coroner's inquest will be held this afternoon.

### Japanese Suicide.

Deputy Sheriff Faneuf of Ewa was in town yesterday. He reported that a Japanese employee of the Honolulu Sugar Company had committed suicide Sunday morning by drowning. The inquest was held Monday and returned a verdict of death by suicide.

### IT SAVES THE CHILDREN.

About one month ago my child, which is fifteen months old, had an attack of diarrhoea accompanied by vomiting. I gave it such remedies as are usually given in such cases, but as nothing gave relief, we sent for a physician and it was under his care for a week. At this time the child had been sick for about ten days and was having about twenty-five operations of the bowels every twelve hours and we were convinced that unless it soon obtained relief it would not live. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy was recommended, and I decided to try it. I soon noticed a change for the better; by its continued use a complete cure was brought about and it is now perfectly healthy.—C. L. Boggs, Stimpson, Gilmer Co., W. Va. For sale by Benson, Smith & Co., Wholesale Agents for H. I., and all druggists and dealers.

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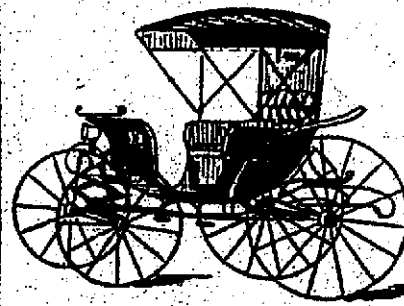
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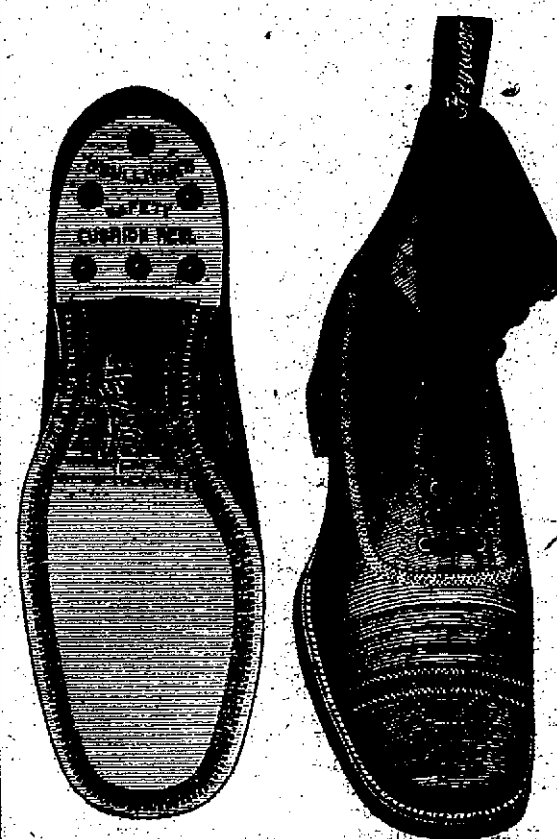
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IS WARRANTED TO CLEANSE THE BLOOD from all impurities from whatever cause arising. For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, Blackheads, Pimples, and Bores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

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CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

CAUTION—Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations and substitutes are sometimes palmed off by unprincipled vendors. The words "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England" are engraved on the Government Stamp, and "Clarke's World-famed Blood Mixture" is blown in the bottle WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.

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## WEEDON AT HOME

President of Honolulu Y. M. C. A.  
A. Tells of His Trip.

## WANT TO KNOW ABOUT HAWAII

General Craving for Information About the  
New Possession in the  
Pacific.

Among the returned Kamaainas who were on the Moana's passenger list was Walter C. Weedon, president of the Honolulu Y. M. C. A. and right-hand man in the office of Bruce Waring & Co., who has been absent over three months.

"I had a splendid trip," said Mr. Weedon yesterday. "Everybody is busy in the States, which is the outcome of a most prosperous season. But in their leisure moments the people have an intense thirst for knowledge of the Islands."

"After rapid traveling, every mile of which was most enjoyable, I finally brought up at the national convention of the Y. M. C. A., held at Grand Rapids, Mich. Everything was thrown open to the Hawaiian delegation. At the hotel my apartments were constantly filled with people desirous of obtaining information regarding the Islands. I was elected one of the vice presidents and was called upon to speak many times. On one occasion I talked in the Hawaiian language, and all the listeners were breathless with attention. That was the first time they had ever heard the native tongue of the new possession."

"After the convention had adjourned I traveled throughout the Middle and Eastern States. At every city I was compelled to talk on Hawaii. At Cleveland I addressed about a dozen audiences. They were all anxious for information regarding Hawaii, especially the chances of strangers succeeding. I was very plain with them, and advised that no one should come here without sufficient capital to keep him for some time."

"Coffee-growing was eagerly asked about. The inquirers were more from those of the middle class, men of moderate means anxious for a safe investment."

"At Kansas City I spoke at four different gatherings in one day. There, as in all the other cities, it was a continual storm of inquiries."

"There was one very noticeable fact wherever I went. That was, as I have already said, a universal desire for information regarding the most beloved of the new possessions. On all sides were words of good will, and a fraternal feeling, as if Hawaii were already enjoying the privileges of Statehood. No one wished to class us with the Cubans or the Filipinos. But there is a crying need which craves attention. That is the widespread dissemination of reliable information regarding the Islands."

"The appointment of the new assistant secretary of the Y. M. C. A., will, I think, meet with general satisfaction. It was extremely doubtful if we would get him, as the organization with which he now is was loath to lose him."

"Even though my trip was so thoroughly pleasant, I am glad to be back in Honolulu, so that I may enjoy the liquid sunshine, such as we have had today."

## Three-Cornered Race.

A three-cornered race from here to Honolulu will begin tomorrow and considerable interest is attached to the event, as the vessels are three of the fastest of the sugar fleet, says The Call of August 8th. The barkentine S. N. Castle will get away this afternoon, while the barkentine Planter and the bark S. C. Allen will leave together early Wednesday morning. Captain Hubbard of the Castle is going to make the most of his start and expects to get to Honolulu first even if he does not win the race. Captain McNeill of the Planter is sure that he will be first to sight Diamond Head and has bet Captain Perriman a suit of clothes that he will make the islands first. The vessels are very evenly matched and it is a toss-up as to which one will win.

## STEAMER LOST.

VICTORIA, B. C., Aug. 9.—The Munobaki Maru foundered on Barred Islands on Friday, July 21, and sank after her crew got off in the lifeboats. One boat with thirteen of the crew was picked up by the steamer Kinkat. Another boat containing the second officer and seven men was towed into Moje by a coaster of the Blue Funnel Line on July 24.

It is not known how many were in the two missing boats.

## TWENTY PEOPLE KILLED.

BAR HARBOR, Me., August 6.—A score of persons were killed today by the breaking of the gang-plank of the Mount Desert ferry. Seventeen were drowned, and three died from the terrible experience of immersion in the water and injuries while struggling for life.

## BUYS HIS OLD HOME.

CANTON, O., Aug. 6.—President McKinley has purchased the famous "McKinley cottage" at the corner of North Market street and Louis avenue. The deal was closed Saturday. The

consideration was \$14,500. The papers have passed. He will secure possession of the contract and deed October next. The property was not in the market. It was endeared to President and Mrs. McKinley as their first home where they began housekeeping and by tender memories of sorrow there. The lot is 100 feet front on Market street, by 244 on Louis avenue. The front veranda shows the most wear from the historic campaign of 1896, when the noted home was the political Mecca for nearly 1,000,000 people.

## SHAMROCK'S SKIPPER.

LONDON, Aug. 6.—The Exchange-Telegraph announces that Emperor William has consented that the skipper of his yacht Meteor, Captain Ben Parker, shall go to New York to assist in sailing the Shamrock in the races for the America's cup.

## ANOTHER TEST

Of Marconi's System of  
Telegraphy.

Communication From a Balloon Shows the  
Value of his Invention  
in War.

LONDON, Aug. 6.—There has been general and widespread interest in naval circles on account of the free use of Marconi's system of wireless telegraphy. Naval maneuvers have shown the value of wireless telegraphy in war. The Rev. J. M. Tacon and Messrs. J. N. and N. Maskelyne recently carried out a series of interesting experiments in wireless telegraphy with a balloon, which is likely to prove even more valuable to peaceful mariners.

As is well known, the safety of the navigator and his vessel frequently depends upon warnings conveyed from time to time by sound. All kinds of abnormal deviations in the apparent direction from which the sound emanates are noticed. In short, the mariner is brought face to face with all the peculiarities of atmospheric acoustics. The Tacon and Maskelyne experiments were devised with the object of ascertaining precisely what is the nature of these peculiarities, and what are the conditions under which they are observed. When these results have been secured scientists will be in a position to provide a remedy for the errors mentioned.

The balloon ascent was made from Newbury at 6 o'clock in the evening on July 27. The balloon rose rapidly, drifted away in the direction of Reading and was quickly lost to sight in the clouds, from which it did not emerge for some minutes, when it finally appeared as a speck in the distance.

In the meantime Mr. N. Maskelyne transmitted several messages to the occupants of the balloon, who gave signals that they were being received. Heavy gun-cotton cartridges, suspended below the car of the balloon, were fired from the electric station on the ground when the balloon was some miles distant and there were similar discharges from the electric station which shook the ground.

Another experiment was the firing of a powder magazine electrically from a distant point, without contact, the firing point being the transmitting station between which balloon communication was maintained when the ascent took place.

The object of this experiment was to give a practical demonstration of the possibility of utilizing the principle of etheric communication in time of war to explode mines and similar destructive contrivances, the only connection necessary being through the medium of the all-pervading ether.

The advantages of this system are that there will be no connecting wires to be cut by the enemy, nothing which could fall into their hands, while nothing could prevent communication from being established at the right moment.

The initial experiment proved a perfect success.

## BRIEF BITS OF NEWS.

The Spanish Senate has approved the tax on interest on the debt.

Henry White, secretary of the United States Embassy in London, and Mrs. White have gone to the Vosges mountains for the benefit of Mrs. White's health.

Fire destroyed the Altamont Hotel and the plant of the Export Lumber Company at Tupper Lake, near Utica, N. Y. A number of dwelling houses were also burned.

Advices from Melbourne, Victoria, state that practically the total result of the referendum on the commonwealth of the federation question is 151,352 votes for federation to 9,656 votes against.

The Pope, in a letter to Queen Wilhelmina, of Holland, expresses the hope that he will soon be able to establish harmony between the two South American nations which have submitted their dispute for his arbitration.

## LOGAN AT OMAHA

Synopsis of His Report to the  
Chamber of Commerce.

## TELLS OF THE LOCAL EXHIBIT

What the Visitors Say About It—  
Hawaiian Singing and Playing  
a Great Attraction.

Following is a synopsis of a report forwarded to the local Chamber of Commerce by Daniel Logan, secretary of the Omaha Commission:

Omaha, Neb., July 26, 1899.

James Gordon Spencer, Esq., Secretary Chamber of Commerce, Honolulu. —The pictures have proved to be the best basis for an exhibit at short notice. So far as received they are framed and set up, attracting much attention. The Le Munyon collection (a very fine one) is yet to come. It includes fifty water-color paintings of as many varieties of variegated fish sold in the public market.

Mr. Baldwin's shells and ferns, with the Kamehameha School exhibit, make a fine showing. They will fill a large glass booth of about thirteen panels on each side. The booth for natural and preserved products, Government and private schools, private exhibits, etc., I am having entirely remodeled inside, to make room for advantageous display. There is plenty of time for this, as scores of other exhibits are only beginning booth construction.

Mrs. Umsted and a Miss Mitchell, daughter of the superintendent of the building we are in, are draping the booth and doing it much better than I had done in the first case. I buy all the material they require.

The preserves were not fortified sufficiently against the summer heat of these parts, and have had to be sent out for re-cooking. This is a lesson for our fruit-preservers and packers, in filling orders for export.

Within three days more I shall have the first lot of exhibits finally installed. The two booths are going to be highly attractive. More space is reserved for Hawaii close at hand, so as to be sure of enough.

It is too bad the little trophy I had designed was not forwarded. It would have made a very conspicuous showing of the chief products of the present time, as the other things give a fair idea of undeveloped resources. This, too, with a very trifling quantity each of sugar, rice and coffee. I have reserved space for it on a high wall above the booth now finished, where it would be surmounted and flanked with the collection of oil paintings of scenery. These latter, though taken as a makeshift, are much admired, and will probably sell readily.

I don't think it is worth while selling the preserves. Already I have given away part of them to officials who have gone out of their way to help me. It will be a good advertisement to parcel out the remainder at the close as samples to the trade.

The exposition is growing every day, but thus far the attendance may be called strictly local. There are to be cheap railway excursions shortly, which will bring in crowds. The official evening programs of music and fireworks, apart from the Midway furore and frolic, are quite enrapturing.

Now, as to the "Hawaiian Village." It has no connection whatever with your Chamber's exhibit. It is over on the Midway, which is reached by bridges over a public avenue from the grand court of the exposition proper.

The first I ever heard of the "villagers" coming was through a telegram to Mr. Umsted announcing their arrival at Victoria. It is a private concession by Omaha people. I paid my quarter to see its performance in a theater erected for the troupe. Mr. Townsend has, however, kindly undertaken to repair my canoe, battered in transit, for placing in the lagoon in the grand court of the exposition proper.

I really do not think the troupe will mislead intelligent people as to island life and customs. Many people have spoken to me in praise of the demeanor and neat appearance of the natives. Conversations about them and their performances have given me the opportunity of giving accurate information. As to the hula dances, too, they are mild in comparison with what are given by Egyptians over the way.

The native singing and playing gives great delight to the spectators. It is very frequent to hear in the crowd that they give the finest entertainment on the Midway. Moreover, I have confidence that the commercial and educational exhibit in the Colonial building will be the greater Hawaiian attraction before the exposition is much older. It has the advantage of being free to all after paying their admission to the grounds, thus coming into view of the entire mass of people visiting the fair, as compared with the comparatively small number who will pay an extra fee to see one of hundreds of shows on the Midway.

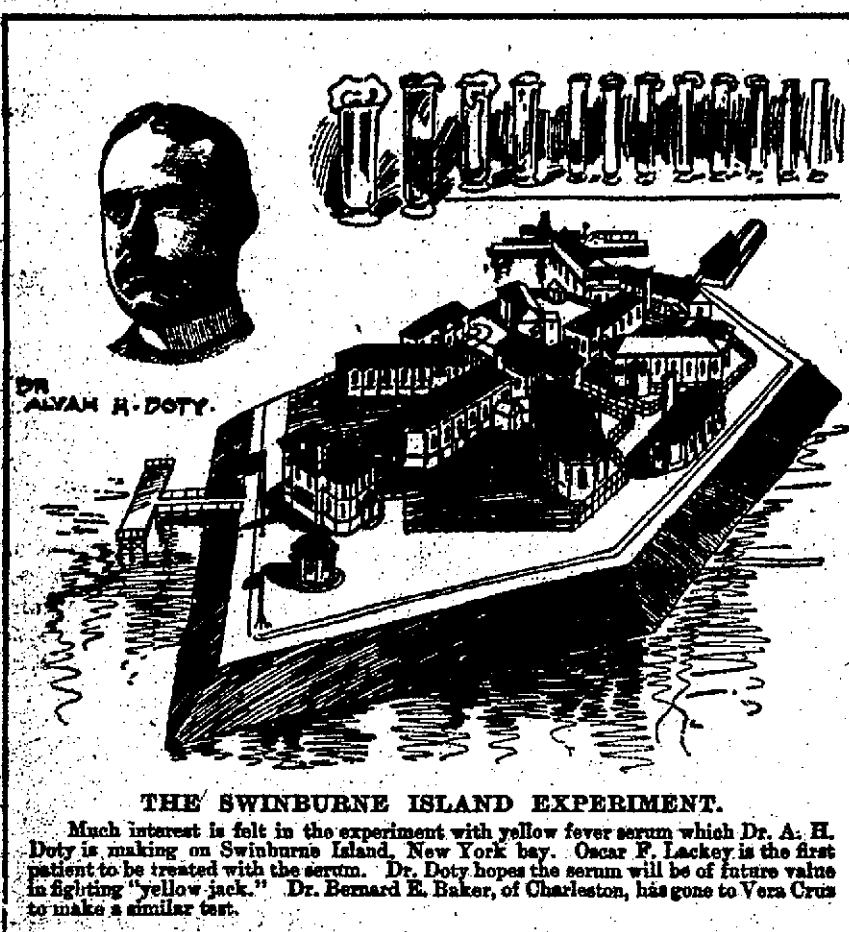
If I do not receive supplies for a special coffee service in the consignment now on the way, a large firm here will take up the matter.

Anything you send in all of August, or to reach here before the middle of September, will be advantageous.

When I have the exhibit in smooth running, I shall get to work on special articles for the press, interviews with railway people and, if I feel equal to it, probably something in the way of talks to inquirers in groups.

The lady in charge of the Press building is correspondent of the Boston Transcript, and is eagerly waiting for the completion of your exhibit to give it a write-up. I met her this afternoon when leaving files of Honolulu papers for the two Omaha dailies at the building.

DANIEL LOGAN,  
Secretary of Commission.



THE SWINBURNE ISLAND EXPERIMENT.

Much interest is felt in the experiment with yellow fever serum which Dr. A. H. Doty is making on Swinburne Island, New York bay. Oscar F. Lackey is the first patient to be treated with the serum. Dr. Doty hopes the serum will be of future value in fighting "yellow jack." Dr. Bernard E. Baker, of Charleston, has gone to Vera Cruz to make a similar test.

## SOMETHING IS AFTER YOU.

Far away, in the Jungle of Central India, a village lies asleep. Only a solitary human figure can be seen, following the winding jungle path in the moonlight. It is early night, and the native who comes has been delayed on his way home.

But what is that dark shadow that crosses the path behind him? Quite oblivious, the man marches on. He looks neither to right nor left, nor behind him, where crouches that dark shadow. A few yards more and he will be out of the jungle. A few minutes more and he thinks he will be sleeping in the bosom of his family. But see, the shadow moves! With two noiseless bounds like a giant cat the tigress is upon him. One despairing scream and all is quiet. Bitten through the head the victim is smothered up and carried by the grim man-eater to her lair in the hills. Meanwhile the village slumbers peacefully on.

Was it the man's fault? Yes, I think it was. Had he not lingered, he would not have been caught. The tigress would not have attacked him in broad daylight. But he was no worse, I think, than those in this country who are today doing the very same thing. Thousands and thousands of English men and women have a shadow in their path. It is after them. The time will come, if they do not take heed, when they will feel, like Mrs. Lydia Golding, "as if something had overtaken" them. Here is a letter from her in which she tells her experience:—

"All my life I had been a strong, healthy woman, and up to the autumn of 1891 I never ailed anything. At this time I began to feel weak, weary and tired, and as if something had overtaken me. I had a foul taste in the mouth, my tongue being furred, and a sour fluid would rise into my mouth. I had no appetite to speak of, and the little food I took gave me no strength. After eating I had a heavy weight and pain across my chest, and a gnawing feeling in my stomach. I belched up a deal of frothy fluid, and in the night I awoke with a suffocating feeling. Cold clammy sweats broke over me, and what with loss of appetite, and not being able to sleep at night, I soon got so weak that I found it hard to get about."

On December 23, 1892, (one Sunday morning) whilst preparing breakfast for my husband, I was suddenly seized with paralysis, which affected the whole of my right side. I had no use of my hand or leg on that side, and a numbness took me on both left and right sides. My husband got me to bed, and fetched a doctor from Northfleet, who gave me medicines. After this I lost my strength rapidly and what I suffered I could not tell.

"I could not rest night or day and I was in and out of bed every now and again. I got little sleep, only dozing off for a short time and then starting off. I was afraid to be left alone, and often in the night I have been so nervous and frightened I could scarcely bear it. I took medicines of all kinds, but was little better for anything, until one day in August, 1893, my husband read in the paper, 'Weekly People,' of Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup, and got me a bottle from Perry and Son, Chemists, High street, Gravesend. After taking it a short time, I began to gain strength, and got stronger, and stronger until I was free from the effects of the seizure. I now keep in good health. You can publish this statement if you wish."

(Signed) Mrs. Lydia Golding, 12, Carter's Road, Perry Street, Gravesend, May 14th, 1896.

What was this shadow that had crossed Mrs. Golding's path? What was it that "overtaken" her and laid her helpless and suffering upon a bed of sickness? Surely you can recognize the monster that sprang upon her as the dreaded disorder Dyspepsia, which attacks you when you are most defenseless and weakest. Paralysis; yes, Mrs. Golding had it, and could feel it, but what she could not feel was what it was that had so acted upon her nerves and muscles as to cause them to become so helpless. Nor could she, I suppose, understand how Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup cured her so quickly, though we know now that it was because the dyspepsia was got rid of.

But, as the native was never heard of more, so there are some who cannot get out of the clutches of Dyspepsia, even with such help as Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup, if the help comes too late. Hence the best way of all, say I, is to keep out of the jungle after dark; and, if you must go, walk quickly.

## ARE ALL SAVED

City of Columbia's Boats  
Reach Manā.

Captain Walker and the Remainder  
of His Crew Brought Here By  
the Iroquois.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

The remaining officers and crew of the lost City of Columbia were brought to Honolulu from Waimea, Kauai, yesterday morning by the tug Iroquois. They left the foundering steamship last Friday afternoon in two of the ship's boats four hours after the first two had sailed with the men who arrived on the James Makee on Sunday.

The account of the disaster given in this paper last Monday morning is fully confirmed by Captain Walker and the rest of the crew now in port.

Leaving the Columbia at 2 o'clock p. m. on the day of the disaster, Officer S. J. Harris took command of one boat. With him were Chief Engineer J. J. Delaney, George A. Lobdell, J. J. Phelan, E. J. Dunn, M. Cook, C. A. Clark, J. G. White, John Preda and James Brown.

The other boat was in command of Captain Walker and contained James Dalzell, Nils Olsen, Charles McKay, Alfred Ulman, James Manahan, Ole Peterson, G. A. Roby, Sam Steward and George Klockner.

They sailed about the same course as the first two boats and landed at Manā, Kauai, at 6 o'clock on Saturday afternoon, taking the train immediately for Waimea, but too late for the James Makee, which had already sailed with the first two boats' crews for Honolulu.

The tug Iroquois, which sailed from Honolulu on Sunday night last, reached Waimea at 1 o'clock on Monday morning and sailed for Honolulu at 4 o'clock that afternoon.

The men are being cared for at the Sailors' Home.

## THE EGERIA IN PORT.

British Cable Survey Steamer in  
Naval Row.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

The British survey steamer Egeria arrived from San Francisco yesterday morning and will remain about a week taking on coal.

Her officers are: Commander Morris H. Smyth, Lieutenants H. G. J. Somerville, Fred G. Learmonth, G. S. C. Simson and Horace C. Watson; Paymaster R. F. C. Ames, Surgeon Joseph Bradley, Chief Engineer E. J. Campbell and Boatswain James McGeathy. She carries a picked crew of sixty-five men.

The Egeria is a composite sloop-of-war, built at Sheerness in 1873. She is 940 tons displacement, 160 feet long, 31 feet 3 inches broad and 13 feet 3 inches deep. Her armament is not very heavy and her coal capacity is only 100 tons.

The Egeria is equipped with all the most modern sounding apparatus and while not so elaborately fitted out for this kind of work as the Albatross is well adapted for her present duty.

Lieutenant Learmonth, the navigating officer of the Egeria, called at the surveyor general's office yesterday to secure some data about the soundings near the Islands which have already been made.

The survey sloop Penguin completed a survey some months ago from Australasia to Honolulu. The Egeria is now finishing the work.

The Egeria is anchored in Naval Row.

## THE BEST REMEDY FOR FLUX.

Mr. John Matthias, a well-known stock dealer of Puhaki, Ky., says: "After suffering for over a week with flux, and my physician having failed to relieve me, I was advised to try Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and have the pleasure of stating that the half of one bottle cured me." For sale by Benson, Smith & Co., Wholesale Agents for H. L. and all druggists and dealers.

The best at the lowest  
price at HOPP'S

In  
Solid  
Mahogany

We have just opened  
up the most elegant line of  
Parlor Furniture seen here.  
Everything in Solid Mahog-  
any.

Cabinets  
AND

Whatnots.

That are just the  
the articles you have waited  
so long for to complete the  
artistic effect of your parlors.

Chairs  
AND

Tables.

Dainty and ele-  
gant, yet withal, strong and  
serviceable. . . . .

This is no everyday selec-  
tion and we anticipate a  
speedy clearance.

A few nice

## CHILD'S SWINGS.

## J. HOPP &amp; CO.

Loading Furniture Dealers.

KING & BETHEL STS.

Large  
Importations  
OF GOODS BY THE  
PACIFIC HARDWARE CO.,  
LIMITED.

A Fresh Supply of the—

Hygienic  
Refrigerators

The Only Absolutely Perfect  
Refrigerator Made.

BOSTON LONG CARD MATCHES.  
NAILS OF ALL KINDS.  
ROSIN, PINE TREE TURPENTINE.  
PAINTS, LAMP BLACK.  
COTTON WASTE.  
CANAL BARROWS.

FAIRY STEPLADDERS.  
MANILA AND SISAL ROPE.  
HANDLES, MATTOCKS, PICKS,  
HOES AND SHOVELS.  
AXES AND HATCHETS, AXLES,  
CARRIAGE SPRINGS, GRIND-  
STONES.

DISH AND DAIRY PANS, SAUCE  
PANS.  
LAWN MOWERS, CHARCOAL IRONS  
RABBIT'S POTASH.  
TUBULAR LANTERNS AND GLOBES.

All the above and more on the "Em-  
ily F. Whitney" from New York direct.  
All sorts of goods by other vessels.

PACIFIC HARDWARE CO.  
LIMITED.

Fort and Merchant Streets,  
King and Bethel Streets.







## DOING GOOD WORK

## Honolulu Newspaper Man at Omaha:

Samples of the Press Interviews  
Daniel Logan is Giving Out  
on the Mainland.

The Chamber of Commerce made no mistake when it selected Daniel Logan as one of its representatives at the Omaha exposition. Besides attending to the setting up of the Hawaiian exhibit and being personally on hand at all times to answer questions about Hawaii, Mr. Logan somehow finds time to furnish the Omaha press with valuable articles, of which the following are selected among many such:

## HAWAII'S GREAT SCHOOL.

Among the different royal lines of Hawaii were some men and women whose names are entitled to place in earth's honor scroll. One such was Princess Bernice Pauahi Bishop, a descendant of Kamehameha the Great. This was the king who, at the beginning of this century, succeeded in the enterprise of bringing all the islands of the group under his own undivided rule. Previously each island had been a separate sovereignty. The Princess here mentioned was the wife of Chas. B. Bishop, an American, who had arrived young at Honolulu and by diligence and frugality, became the pioneer banker of the islands.

Mrs. Bishop declined to accept the nomination of Kamehameha V. on his deathbed, to succeed him on the throne of her ancestors. She wore the white flower of a blameless life and, dying in 1884, left the bulk of a large landed estate to found and endow schools for native Hawaiian boys and girls. They were there to be not only instructed in the usual branches of common and high schools, but taught to earn a livelihood with their hands in various lines of handicraft. The schools have long since been firmly planted and the estate behind them has increased so greatly that it is a serious problem what to do with the surplus income.

Among the leading sights of Honolulu are the groups of buildings of the Kamehameha schools, on a commanding site in the Palama suburbs, whence a fine view of mountain and ocean, with the city lying between, is to be had along with the necessary of pure air.

Mr. Bishop, now a resident of San Francisco and vice president of the Bank of California, has poured out wealth liberally to enhance the prosperity and distinction of his lamented wife's benefaction. He has erected the principal school building, a great museum, a library and a chapel upon the grounds, all in memory of, and named after his deceased spouse. These structures are all of stone quarried on the premises and are not surpassed for solidity and style by the best buildings in American cities.

The museum will easily take rank as the first in the world for the richness and variety of the Polynesian relics and curios it contains. It is shortly to have as an adjunct a vast aquarium for all the fish of the Pacific that can be got into it.

## CHILDREN'S HANDIWORK.

Among the most interesting of the collections in the Hawaiian exhibit, which has been assembled by Daniel Logan in the Colonial building, is that containing specimens of workmanship of young Kamehameha boys in the machine, blacksmith, carpenter, turning, painting and tailoring shops of their institution. Accompanying photographs of the interiors of the shops, as well as of other scenes in and about the school, give a clear idea of the completeness of the institution's equipment and the homelike atmosphere in which the boys live. They have a brass band, a cadet corps and, last but not least, the champion baseball club of Honolulu. Another article exhibited is the gold medal won by the school at the Paris exposition.

In the western booth containing the Kamehameha school display are also shown by all odds the finest collection of sea shells in the whole exposition, five assorted boxes of land shells and sets of Hawaiian ferns and mosses. A superb set of ferns, duplicates of those shown, had to be reserved from exhibition for want of space. This set will be shown on request of Mr. Logan. The sea shells had to be insured heavily for their safe return before the collector and owner, D. D. Baldwin of Hiale, Maui, would consent to lend them to the exhibit.

## HOME-MADE THREAD.

Another article of great interest has been added to the Hawaiian commercial exhibit in the eastern booth. It is a pyramid of spools of sewing thread manufactured from Hawaiian-grown cotton when the war of the rebellion sent that article sky-high. This same trophy has been exhibited on both sides of the globe—once at an exhibition in Tokyo, Japan. It is contributed to the Greater America exposition by James W. Robertson, who was Queen Liliuokalani's chamberlain of the household at the overthrow of the monarchy.

The second installment of the exhibit is hourly expected from San Francisco. Notwithstanding the short notice given the business men of Honolulu, together with the almost total lack of any local government aid or even encouragement, Hawaii is going to make a good showing at Omaha this summer. Mail for Mr. Towse, the additional commissioner, has been received from Honolulu, so that he must be well on his way.—Omaha World-Herald, August 2.

Received His Commission.

The commission as special agent of the Census Bureau for Hawaii was re-

ceived yesterday by Alatan T. Atkinson. In pursuance of the Department's orders Mr. Atkinson will proceed to Washington early in September to receive his instructions.

## Sugar Quotations.

Castle & Cooke have received the following advices, under date of August 9, from their San Francisco agents:

CENTRIFUGALS have undergone no change, remaining at 10-16 cents. One sale of 250 tons on 9th inst. has occurred.

GRANULATED—Unchanged at 5.31. BEETS remain at 11. This quotation was received on the 5th, since when there has been no change whatever.

A. S. R. Co.'s stock—On the 7th inst. common was \$189½; preferred, \$119. On 8th inst., \$182½ (c.), \$119 (p.).

## THE SUGAR TRADE.

## Prospects Good for High Prices.

Receipts at New York Remarkably Small While the Demand is on the Increase.

From Willett & Gray's latest New York sugar circular the following on the state of the raw sugar market is taken:

"There has been a notable decrease of receipts and offerings of raw sugars during the week, and quotations have been easily maintained at full prices. In fact, an advance was paid for a cargo of centrifugals to go to an outport, and also for a cargo of Muscovados for future shipment, but for spot sugars there were continued, though small, sales at the same quotations as last week.

"At the close, however, the market strengthened, and sales were made of centrifugals at 9-10c and of Muscovados at 4c for New York delivery, thus establishing firmly an advance of 1-10c on old grades.

"Receipts of 15,248 tons are remarkably small, but will soon be increased somewhat by free receipts of new crop Java.

"The demand for refined will be larger for the coming season, and with further increased meltings, necessary for the stocks should largely decline by the end of the year, although renewals will hardly be made unless prices become more favorable.

"Europe and America are now on about the same parity of values. If Europe declines materially in new crop sugars, very likely inducements will prevail for American buyers to some extent of beet sugars, but with no absolute necessity therefore the inducement of favorable quotations must be given before our refiners will seek for beet sugars again to any extent. Speculators are more likely, however, to maintain full values abroad on the chances of a falling off somewhere in some cane-sugar crop, no signs of which are yet visible."

## COMMERCIAL SITUATION.

## Advance in Lumber Rates and Mortgage Indebtedness Increasing.

The following comments on the local commercial situation are taken from the Hawaiian Mercantile Agency's report issued yesterday:

The local wholesale lumber dealers advanced the price of lumber the 1st of this month from \$2 to \$4 per 1,000 feet.

Local money rates have advanced since our last report.

Hardware circulars from the Mainland received by City of Peking show advance in prices of shelf hardware from 5 to 10 per cent.

The recorded mortgage indebtedness of the islands has increased \$251,769.46 since January 1, 1899.

Sam Steward, the City of Columbia's gentleman of color, who was charged with intending to commit an offense, was discharged by Judge Wilcox yesterday after a bit of wholesome advice.

## CHINA'S LIABILITY

## Stopping Filipinos From Getting Arms.

Far Reaching Effects of Consul-General Goodnow's Decision in Steamship Abbey Case.

WASHINGTON, August 6.—The Hon. John Goodnow, Consul General of the United States at Shanghai, has rendered a decision as referee in the Consular Court which will be of far-reaching importance during the continuance of the war in the Philippines. The case was in relation to the steamer Abbey, charged with taking arms from Canton to Luzon. It has been in contention for some time. The owners of the vessel gave bond that the ship should land the arms purchased at Singapore, but she did not do so. The bond was demanded by the Chinese authorities. Mr. Goodnow holds that it must be paid. The importance of the decision is pointed out by the Shanghai Mercury, which says:

"The effect of the decision of Mr. Goodnow reaches much beyond the mere fact of being judgment for the plaintiff with the penalty following and the costs of the suit. Hitherto the American forces at Manila have had to fight against Filipinos well armed with modern rifles and guns, and it is no secret that the majority of these arms have been landed in the Philippines from Chinese ports. When United States consular officials have received information that cargoes of weapons were about to be shipped from China their urgent protests to the Chinese have been the means of stopping shipments. But when the United States officials, through want of knowledge, have been ignorant of such contraband runs, the Chinese officials have likewise been blind to these shipments, though, no doubt, well aware of it. It is in this respect that Mr. Goodnow has scored such an important point. On the strength of that judgment the officers of the Imperial Maritime Customs of China must necessarily do all in their power to stop shipments of arms of suspicious destinations. It has been decided on the motion of the customs that China is liable for any shipments of arms which get to the Philippines through lack of diligence or honesty on the part of the customs or the Chinese officials. Therefore, the judgment in the Drew vs. Sylvester case will be the means of checking the chief source of supply of arms and warlike material that the Filipinos have possessed."

The North China Daily News publishes the decision of Consul Goodnow in full and comments editorially upon its importance and says that it will be far-reaching in its exacting steps in the sending of arms to the Filipinos.

## JOHN F. SCOTT ILL.

## Stricken By Paralysis His Recovery is Doubtful.

John F. Scott, principal of Waiman School, Kanai, sustained a stroke of paralysis shortly after he arrived by the Moana Tuesday evening. Throughout yesterday his condition was extremely critical and late last night it was considered doubtful if he could live many hours longer. Mr. Scott has always been prominent in educational matters, having for several years been secretary of the Board of Education. With his wife, who is still in San Francisco, he had been attending the Teachers' Convention in Los Angeles, from whence he returned by the Moana. All of yesterday he was being cared for by Messrs. Lightfoot, Gibson and others who were attached to him by social and other ties, and everything possible is being done for him by his physicians.

## MARRIED.

ANDREWS-FULLER.—In Honolulu at noon, August 16, 1899, Lieutenant Philip Andrews, U.S.N., and Miss Clara M. Fuller, daughter of Captain Andrew Fuller.

## Came Very Near Dying

Blood Red; Abscesses Formed; Health Gone. We are glad to publish the testimony of Miss Annie Shook of Auckland, New Zealand, who suffered intensely for years, and who was quickly cured when she obtained the right remedy.



"I was a strong, healthy woman until about five years ago, and while living in England was recovering from an attack of measles. I took a cold, had a relapse and came very near dying. My blood was left in a very bad state, abscesses formed on my body, I was confined to my bed two-thirds of the time. At times I was unable to move. For two years I failed to obtain any relief. So finally I was advised to come to New Zealand. After coming here I remained about the same, trying many remedies without obtaining any benefit. About a year ago after reading one of your advertisements I determined to try

## DR. AVER'S Sarsaparilla

Very soon after using it the abscesses began to heal and my general health very greatly improved. I followed up the treatment and am now as strong as ever. I cannot too highly recommend Dr. Aver's Sarsaparilla as a blood purifier and tonic."

For constitution take Dr. Aver's Pills. They promptly relieve and surely cure. Take them with Dr. Aver's Sarsaparilla: one aids the other.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Agents.

## LOCAL BREVITIES.

The dredger is laid up for repairs. Sugar was laid 4 and 9-15 on the afternoon of the 9th.

Lorin A. Thurston and wife came down on the Moana.

Professor Koebel was one of the Moana's passengers.

The cruiser Boston sailed for San Francisco yesterday morning.

J. B. Atherton was again on the stand in the Soper-Walsh case yesterday.

President Dole and Minister Damon made an official call on the Egria yesterday.

F. W. Glade and family, of Kekaha, Kanai, returned from California on the Gaelic.

The steel plates for the new vault of the First American Bank were being unloaded last night.

Rev. G. L. Pearson will spend his summer vacation in California. He will leave in a couple of weeks.

Latest San Francisco quotations are: Makawali, 48; Hutchinson, 32½; Hana, 16½; and Hawaiian Commercial, 35½.

W. W. Hall, who has been touring the Mainland for a couple of months past, returned on the Gaelic last night.

Minister Damon will probably attend the Bankers' Association, to con-

E. JOHNSON, President.

DR. W. S. NOBBIATT, General Manager and Medical Director.

LEO. SOHELLREIG, Assistant Mgr.

## Hawaiian Medicine Co

KING ST., NEAR ALAKEA.

TELEPHONE 363

We make a full line of

## Family Remedies.

Among these we name:

PAUHEA COLIC MEDICINE, PAUHEA LINIMENT, PAUKUNU COUGH MEDICINE.—For sale by the Honolulu Drug Store and in some of the suburban general stores.

A trial will convince you that these are far better than the usual compounds made by druggists—who are not supposed to know the effects of medicines upon the human system—and by patent medicine companies.

## Pacific Mail Steamship Co.

## Occidental &amp; Oriental Steamship Co.

## AND Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

Steamers of the above companies will call at Honolulu and leave this port on or about the dates below mentioned:

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA: FOR SAN FRANCISCO:

HONGKONG MARU	AUG. 24	NIPPON MARU	AUG. 25
CHINA	SEPT. 1	RIO DE JANEIRO	SEPT. 2
DORIC	SEPT. 9	COPTIC	SEPT. 12
NIPPON MARU	SEPT. 19	AMERICA MARU	SEPT. 19
RIO DE JANEIRO	SEPT. 28	CITY OF PEKING	SEPT. 29
COPTIC	OCT. 6	GALIC	OCT. 7
AMERICA MARU	OCT. 13	HONGKONG MARU	OCT. 14
CITY OF PEKING	OCT. 21	CHINA	OCT. 24
GALIC	OCT. 31	DORIC	OCT. 31
HONGKONG MARU	NOV. 8	NIPPON MARU	NOV. 17
		RIO DE JANEIRO	NOV. 17

For general information apply to

H. HACKFELD & Co., Ltd. Agents

## Read the Advertiser.

## The Elgin

WORLD'S STANDARD FOR TIME KEEPING.

Should be in the pocket of every wearer of a Watch.

Many years' handling of Watches convinces us, that price considered The Elgin is the most satisfactory of American Watches.

Cased in . . .

NICKLE, SILVER, GOLD FILLED AND SOLID GOLD.

We have a full line and sell them at right prices.

ELGINS reach us right.

ELGINS reach you right.

Elgins stand for what is right in time keeping and lasting qualities, and that is why we are right in pushing the Elgin Watch.

H. F. WICHMAN BOX 342.

## Wilder's Steamship Company—LIMITED.

## TIME TABLE

S. S. KINAU, FREEMAN, Master.

MOLOKAI, MAUI, HAWAII.

Will leave Honolulu every Tuesday at 12 o'clock M., touching at Kaula, Lahaina, Maalaea Bay, Kihui, Makana, Mahukona, Kawaihae and Lanipaho, arriving at Hilo Wednesday evenings.

Returning will sail from Hilo every Friday at 6 p. m., touching at above named ports, arriving at Honolulu Saturday nights.

Will call at Pohniki, Puna, once each month.

The popular route to the volcano is via Hilo. \$40 for the round trip, including all expenses.

## S. S. CLAUDINE, CAMERON, Master.

MAUI.

Will leave Honolulu every Tuesday at 5 p. m., touching at Lahaina, Kahu, Naha, Hana, Hamoa and Kipahulu, Maui. Returning, touches at above named ports, arriving at Honolulu Sunday mornings.

Will call at Nuu, Kaupo, once each month.

## S. S. LEHUA, BENNETT, Master.

MOLOKAI, MAUI, LANAI.

Sails every Monday for Kaula, Kamao, Maunaloa, Kapaemahu, Lahaina, Honolulu, Olowalu. Returning, arrives at Honolulu Saturday mornings.

This company reserves the right to make changes in the time of departure and arrival of its steamers WITHOUT NOTICE, and it will not be responsible for any consequences arising therefrom.

Consignees must be at the Landings to receive their freight; this company will not hold itself responsible for freight after it has been landed.

Live Stock received only at owner's risk.

This Company will not be responsible for Money or Valuables of passengers unless placed in the care of Purser.

Passengers are requested to purchase tickets before embarking. Those failing to do so will be subject to an additional charge of twenty-five per cent.

The Company will not be liable for loss of, nor injury to, nor delay in the delivery of baggage or personal effects of the passenger beyond the amount of \$100.00, unless the value of the same be declared, at or before the issue of the ticket, and freight is paid thereon.

All employees of the Company are forbidden to receive freight without delivering a shipping receipt therefor in the form prescribed by the Company and which may be seen by shippers upon application to the purser of the Company's steamers.

Shippers are notified that if freight is shipped without such receipt, it will be solely at the risk of the shipper.

C. L. WIGHT, President.

S. B. ROSE, Secretary.

CAPT. T. K. CLARKE, Port Supt.

## Metropolitan

## Meat Company

NO. 507 KING ST. HONOLULU, H. I.

## Shipping and Family Butchers.

## NAVY CONTRACTORS.

G. J. WALLER, Manager.

Highest Market Rates paid for Hides, Skins and Tallow.

Purveyors to Oceanic and Pacific Mail Steamship Companies.



PRICE, \$4.50.

We offer these GOODS at a reduced price for one week only. . . .

## COYNE-MEHRTEN FURNITURE COMPANY.

J. A. MEHRTEN, MANAGER

Progress Block.



## ON HABEAS CORPUS

### Preliminary Decision By Justice Frear.

Hearing on the Main Issues of the Chinese Immigrant Cases Is Still On.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

In the matter of the application of Yap Ah Sap and Lee Ah Kan for a writ of habeas corpus, which was heard by Justice Frear on Tuesday, the following partial decision was rendered at the opening of Court yesterday morning:

The petitioners arrived at the port of Honolulu, one on the steamship City of Peking, the other on the steamship Gaelic, on July 23, 1899. They were examined on board their respective vessels that day as to their right to land, Mr. J. K. Brown, Immigration Inspector under the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, and Mr. J. W. Girvin, under the Collector General of Customs of the port of Honolulu, being present at the examination of one of the petitioners, and Mr. Girvin at the examination of the other. A second examination of each petitioner took place a few days later, August 27 or 28, on Quarantine Island, while the petitioners were still in quarantine, in the presence of both Mr. Brown and Mr. Girvin. These officers found that the petitioners were Chinese laborers whose only claim of right to land was the possession of permits which they themselves confessed were issued for others and purchased by them at Hongkong. Mr. Brown thereupon decided that they were not authorized to land under the United States immigration laws, and that they should be held for transportation back to China. Mr. Girvin decided to have them prosecuted under section 1532 of the Penal Laws of Hawaii for attempting to enter this republic without the necessary permit. He consulted Mr. Brown, in whose custody they were, and obtained his consent to take them into his (Girvin's) custody for the purpose of prosecution but with the understanding that they were to continue in Mr. Brown's legal custody and be returned to his actual custody as soon as the purposes of the prosecution were fulfilled. Mr. Girvin then brought them from Quarantine Island to the Custom House and sent them by a customs guard to the Police Station, whither he followed and swore out a warrant which was there served on the petitioners. Mr. Girvin was instructed by the Collector General to request the marshal to hold the petitioners until an opportunity should be afforded for sending them back to China. The Collector General was under instructions from the Minister of Finance of Hawaii to co-operate with Mr. Brown in the enforcement of the United States Chinese exclusion laws, which had been extended to these islands by the joint resolution of Congress annexing these islands to the United States. Mr. Girvin wrote to the deputy marshal, who seemed to be acting for the marshal in this matter, to hold the petitioners until opportunity should occur for sending them back to China. The petitioners, after one or two continuances, were tried on August 1 and found guilty and sentenced to pay a fine of \$10 each and to pay costs, \$2.60 each, and the usual minimum was made out committing them to imprisonment until the fine should be paid or worked out, as provided by law. The magistrate who tried the case also gave oral instructions (not a part of the legal judgment) to the marshal, apparently at the request of Mr. Girvin, that the petitioners should be returned to the customs authorities at the expiration of their sentence. The petitioners' sentences would have expired August 26 by law, had not the portion of their fine not already worked off not been paid, as it was, on August 11. The jailer then, August 11, went to the places on the roads where the prisoners were working respectively and took them back to the prison. Here, while still having the petitioners in custody, he received word from the deputy marshal not to discharge the prisoners but to return them to the Station House. This was done and when this writ was served the same day the petitioners were at the Station House in the custody of the deputy marshal, under the orders, as he says, of Mr. Brown. The writ was served on both Mr. Brown and Mr. Hitchcock.

It is conceded for the purposes of argument at this stage of the case that the Inspector rendered a decision adverse to the right of the petitioners to land and that his decision, whether it may be inquired into by the court or not, was correct, also that it was proper for the Inspector to keep the petitioners on shore in his custody until an opportunity should be afforded to send them back to China. It is contended on behalf of the petitioners that they were in fact allowed by the Inspector to go at large so far as he was concerned, although they remained in the custody of other officers, in other words, that he allowed them to land in the local sense and that after a Chinese, though unlawfully, is once within the United States not having continued in the custody of the proper customs or inspecting officer, the customs or inspecting officer has no authority to arrest him or deport him, that the authority of the Inspector extends only to preventing a landing, and that the remedy by deportation is an entirely different one to be pursued before other tribunals. Let us assume this proposition of law to be correct. The question of fact remains, did the Inspector lose the legal custody of the petitioners? In my opinion he did not. He certainly intended to retain such custody and the question is, did he surrender it in spite of his intention. In my opinion it was competent for him to arrange with others to main-

tain for him the actual custody pending an opportunity to send the petitioners back to China, and even to permit them to be subjected to process in the courts of Hawaii for violating its penal laws in attempting to enter these islands unlawfully.

In *Nishimura Ekin vs. United States*, 142 U. S., 651, the Commissioner of Immigration put a Chinese girl in a mission house in San Francisco to be kept pending the Collector's final decision as to her right to land and allowed her to remain there afterwards pending a final decision on a writ of habeas corpus. The court held (p. 661) that this was proper and that it "left her in the same position, so far as regarded her right to land in the United States, as if she had never been removed from the steamship."

The petitioners had no right to land under the laws and the Inspector, having jurisdiction, had so decided. He held them therefor under his judgment or decision that they had no right to land and should be sent back to China. If they had escaped from his custody, he could have recaptured them. If he put them, as he did, in the immediate charge of others to hold for him, they would still be in his legal custody. And if those in whose immediate charge he put them subjected them, as they did in this case, to prosecution for violating the penal laws of the country, and, without relinquishing the custody which they held for the Inspector, subjected them to a new custody, retaining their first authority during the continuance of the second and after it terminated, though during its continuance in subordination to it, I do not see how the Inspector can be considered as having lost his control completely.

Counsel for the petitioners rested in the introduction of their evidence in order to argue the questions of law raised by the evidence already introduced and on the understanding that if the decision should be against them on those questions, they should be permitted to present further evidence, if they could, to show that the Inspector did not in fact render a decision, such as it was, prima facie shown that he did render, and such, as it was, conceded, for the purposes of argument at this stage of the case, that he rendered.

The petitioners therefore will not be remanded to the custody of the respondents forthwith, but a further hearing will be had at 10 o'clock this morning for final disposition of the case.

### ZOLA IS PLEASED.

NEW YORK, Aug. 8.—The Journal has the following from Paris: "Nothing can now prevent the acquittal of Captain Dreyfus. The conscience of the country is aroused, and the more light that is let in on the subject the clearer will his innocence appear. My previous prognostications have turned out to be correct. I venture another prediction—it is that Dreyfus will be unanimously acquitted."

### EXECUTIVE COUNCIL

#### Various Matters Considered at Yesterday's Meeting

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

At the meeting of the Executive Council yesterday the Oahu Railway Company submitted an application for a number of small pieces of land required by its side lines, buildings, etc. Action was deferred.

A claim for damages for the land in front of May's new block, required in the street widening, was presented but went over. The claim is for \$15 a foot. There are 125 square feet in the little strip required.

Contractor C. H. Patzle applied for authority to open and operate a rock quarry in Nuanuan gorge back of the Mausoleum. Deferred.

Dr. Shaw submitted a long report of his examinations of imported and local cattle for tuberculosis. A few cases have recently been discovered and condemned.

W. R. Castle applied to exchange a lot on Tantalus for another lot in Makiki belonging to the Government, but no action was taken on the application.

### THE RICE TRADE

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 9.—The new crop of Louisiana rice is in the market, but it will be thirty days before it is received in sufficient quantity to affect values. Meanwhile Hawaiian is slow of sale on account of the high cost, while Japan, which is in good supply and of good appearance as well as being cheap, is moving freely into consuming channels.

### SEIZE REBEL'S ARMS

PUERTA PLATA, August 9.—The Haytian Government has seized at Fort Liberté arms and ammunition destined for Dominican insurgents. Several Dominicans in Haiti have been arrested for violating the neutrality laws. Among them is Francisco Deljean, in whose keeping arms were found.

President Sam of Haiti has wired the Dominican Government that insurgents will not be permitted to use Haytian territory as a base for operations. The forces for the Government under the command of Minister Cordero have encountered insurgents led by General Pablo Reyes.

### CHINESE PORT FOR U. S.

VANCOUVER, B. C. Aug. 9.—According to Hongkong advices an agreement has been reached between the British and Chinese Governments that the United States shall have an exclusive settlement at Hankow.

## ON THE WEATHER

### Interesting Statistics By Curtis J. Lyons.

Rainfall for July the Lowest in Sixteen Years—Temperature Affected By the Volcano.

The following interesting summary of weather conditions, rainfall, temperatures and the cause of the drop in the level of artesian water is kindly furnished by Curtis J. Lyons, the expert of the local Weather Bureau:

The mean temperature was 77.0 F., normal, 77.3.

The mean daily maximum, 84.2.

Mean daily minimum, 71.5, making the mean daily range, 12.7, as against a normal range of 11.0.

Extremes—Minimum, 63; maximum, 87; entire range for the month, 24 degrees; usual range for the month, 18.

Relative humidity for the month, 67.5 per cent; normal, 68.5; absolute humidity, 6.8 grains per cubic foot on a dew-point of 64.9 F.

Rainfall, 0.42 inches; normal, 16-year average, 1.55. The 0.42 inches is the lowest in 16 years.

The barometer mean was 29.97, .025 below normal. Both barometer and temperature were unusually low during the first two or three days of the month. Temperature seemed to feel the influence of the volcano from the 15th to the 18th. Heavy smoke carried to the northeast by the southwest upper current was brought back by the surface trade-wind on the 18th and 19th.

The trades were interrupted by southerly winds twice during the month, which is unusual for July. The force of wind less than normal.

The artesian well level fell during the month from 35.1 feet to 35.6 above mean sea-level. This fall of .5 foot in one month is doubtless "due to the semi-annual flooding of the Waikiki rice-lands, which takes place in July."

The rainfall has been abundant in Hamakua, Hawaii, in Kohala and North Hilo. In South Hilo and Puna rather scant; in Kona and Kau about normal; elsewhere quite light, with some exceptions.

### RAINFALL FOR JULY, 1899.

The following is the rainfall for July, 1899, from reports to the Weather Bureau:

HAWAII.		Rain (In.)
Stations—		
Waialeale	50	5.42
Hilo (town)	100	
Kaunama	1250	
Pepeekeo	100	2.11
Honolulu	300	3.25
Hakalau	200	2.78
Honolulu	4.42	
Laupahoehoe	10	11.98
Ookala	400	10.31
Kukula	250	4.28
Paeuli	750	5.35
Paeuhau	300	3.55
Paeuhau	1200	6.25
Honokaa	425	4.08
Honokaa (Kalehua)	1900	
Kukulahele	700	6.39
Awini (lot No 6)	1100	12.62
Awini Ranch	1100	7.63
Niuli	200	5.88
Kohala (Parsonage)	350	6.03
Kohala Mission	585	
Kohala Sugar Co.	234	5.15
Waimea	2720	2.57
Kailua	950	
Lanikai	1540	2.83
Kealahou	1580	6.75
Kalahiki	800	
Kalahiki	1200	
Naelehu	650	1.98
Naelehu	1350	3.87
Naelehu	1725	9.43
Naelehu	15	1.25
Honoupo	310	0.06
Hilea	850	
Pahala	700	
Moaula	700	
Volcano House	1650	1.96
Olaa (Mason)	1100	1.65
Kapoho	10	1.95
Pohokii	8	1.42
Kalapana	4	

MAUI.		
Kahului	10	
Lahaina	600	
Olowalu	15	0.00
Waipae Ranch	700	
Kaupo (Mokulau C. Co.)	285	2.78
Kipahulu	60	2.24
Hamos Plantation	700	2.24
Halei	4000	3.15
Nahiku	4000	0.97
Kula (Erehou)	1400	3.16
Kula (Erehou)	4000	3.16
Puomalei	1400	1.25
Puomalei	180	0.35
Pala	2000	1.04

MOLOKAI.		
Mapulehu	70	1.91
OAHU.		
Punahou (W. Buru)	50	0.42
Kulaokahua	50	0.11
Kewalo (King St.)	15	0.13
Makiki Reservoir	150	
Kapiolani Park	10	
School St. (Bishop)	50	0.51
Insane Asylum	30	0.16
Nuanuu (W. W. Hall)	50	0.31
Nuanuu (Wyllie St.)	250	0.78
Nuanuu (Elec. sta.)	405	1.03
Nuanuu, Luakaha	850	5.63
Manoa (W. Dairy)	300	2.13
Manawili	100	2.68
Kaneohe	25	0.75
Waimanalo	250	
Ahihima	25	
Kahuku	25	2.06
Waianae	1700	
Ewa Plantation	60	0.31
Waipahu	200	
KAUAI.		
Lihue, Grove Farm	20	1.30

Lihue (Molokoa)	300	1.34
Kilauea	325	2.65
Hanalei	10	4.39
Waiala	32	
Records not hitherto published, June, 1899:		
Haleakala	0.94	
Kaunama	12.44	
Laupahoehoe	14.05	
Ookala	5.44	
Pahala	4.05	
Naelehu	1725	4.05
Ewa Plantation	0.65	
Pala	1.60	
Moaula	2.50	
Kalapana	3.30	
Kipahulu	1.73	

C. J. LYONS, Meteorologist Gov't Survey.

N. B.—Observers are requested to forward their reports promptly at the end of each month, that they may appear in the published report on the 15th of following month.

### NEWS NOTES.

The health of Mrs. McKinley is improving.

Ex-Governor Atkinson of Georgia is dead.

Captain Charles Goodall of San Francisco is dead.

A. S. Marvin, president of the Marvin Safe Company is dead.

Louisiana whitecaps killed one negro and flogged two others.

A Canton, Ohio, woman killed husband, daughter and herself.

The city of Anaconda, Montana, has been swept by a cloudburst.

One new case of yellow fever is reported at Hampton, but no deaths.

Wm. A. Piper, a prominent San Franciscan and Mexican war veteran, is dead.

Pugilist Jeffries was warmly greeted on his first appearance at the Royal Aquarium, London.

Van Wyck and Pattison are both being boomed for the Democratic nomination against Bryan.

Dr. McIntyre, a retired physician of Santa Rosa, Cal., committed suicide by hanging himself in his barn.

Admiral Dewey was banqueted at Naples by the secretary of the United States Embassy, who came from Rome for the purpose.

PARIS, Aug. 6.—During a severe thunderstorm last night the lightning conductor on the Eiffel tower was struck ten times.

### FROM HONOLULU.

Another Report on Doan's Backache Kidney Pills.

If your poor back still aches, if you toss all night racked in pain, if you cannot bend over or straighten up,

Depend upon it, it's your kidneys. And kidney disorder rarely leaves of its own accord.

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are a good kidney medicine.

They cure kidney complaints.

This is how they fulfilled it with a Honolulu citizen:

Mr. A. J. Cahill, of Fort street, this city, night watchman in the employ of Messrs. T. H. Davies & Co., Ltd., says: "Whilst a young man I was a sailor and at one time worked for the Inter Island service. I was, however, obliged to give up sea life on account of severe suffering from my back and kidneys. For this I had tried various remedies, but the one which restored me to health was Doan's Backache Kidney Pills—procured at Hollister's Drug Store. They relieved me completely after years of suffering. If any one desires further particulars he may apply to me. I am to be found at Van Dorn's Ship Chandelery, Fort street."

You should get the same medicine which helped Mr. Cahill. See that the full name DOAN'S BACKACHE KIDNEY PILLS is on the wrapper and refuse any imitation.

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are sold by all chemists and storekeepers at 50 cents per box, six boxes \$2.50, or will be mailed on receipt of price by the Hollister Drug Co., Honolulu, wholesale agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

### EVOLUTION OF AN EDITOR.

Here's another essay on the evolution of an editor, taken from an unknown exchange:

"We look into a cradle and behold a male child. At the age of 10 he is a noisy kid, with half the buttons off his pants, and an eye for meanness. At the age of 15 he is a devil in a printshop; at 25, the publisher of a country newspaper, at the head of every enterprise calculated to improve the town or enrich the business thereof; at 35 he is an emaciated and worn-out man, with holes in his pocket and a bald head; at the age of 50 he is a corpse in a cheap coffin, and his only resources left behind are two cases of long primer type, a Washington handbook and a subscription book with 500 delinquent subscribers, who line up and march past the coffin, saying: 'He was a public-spirited fellow, but he couldn't save anything.'"

### NEARLY FORTY KILLED

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., August 6.—Nearly forty persons were killed by an accident on the Stratford extension of the Shelton Street Railway Company at 4 o'clock this afternoon when a trolley car went off the track over Peck's millpond at Orange and sank in the flats forty feet below. Thirty-three persons are known to be dead and several more injured.

## YAUQUIS TRAPPED

### Mexican General Closing In on Indians.

General Torres Preparing to Bombard a Yaqui Strong Hold—Five Thousand Troops in the Field.

CHICAGO, August 8.—A special to the Record from Guaymas, Mex., says:

General Torres has almost completely surrounded Bicom, a Yaqui stronghold, where nearly 2,000 savages are massed. On the arrival of the artillery and the machine guns the Mexican general will close in on the Indians and precipitate the biggest battle ever fought between the Government and the Yaquis.

The reports from General Torres regarding the killing of Remley and Miller say their bodies were found hanging from a tree with the hands and feet cut off. The uprising reaches down the Yaqui river to the sea, and it is not expected to extend further north than the Sahuaripa district.

The Government now has nearly 5,000 men in the field. Two hundred volunteers will leave Guaymas for Medano tonight on the steamer Jalisco.

A fight is expected, on entering the Yaqui river, with a large band of savages that last week attacked and burned three sloops, A. Elres, a well-known Mexican at Hermosillo, losing his life in the encounter.

POSTAL OFFICIALS FOR MANILA.

F. L. Stocking, formerly Assistant Postmaster of Tacoma, will leave San Francisco for Manila on the Morgan City with five assistants—Edwin T. Spillman of Sacramento, W. A. Shannon of Los Angeles, Charles B. Franklin of Portland and Tobias Eppstein and Oscar Schutt of San Francisco. They go to assist Postmaster Vall in the Philippines.

### A TESTIMONIAL.

We have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in our home for many years and bear cheerful testimony to its value as a medicine which should be in every family. In coughs and colds we have found it to be efficacious, and in croup and whooping cough in children we deem it indispensable.—H. P. RITTER, 4127 Fairfax ave., St. Louis, Mo. For sale by Benson, Smith & Co., Wholesale Agents for H. I., and all druggists and dealers.

Down Again

In prices in the market for flour and feed, and we follow it closely. Send us your orders and they will be filled at the lowest market price. The matter of 5 or 10 cents upon a hundred pounds of feed should not concern you as much as the quality, as poor feed is dear at any price.

We Carry Only the Best.

When you want the Best Hay, Feed or Grain, at the Right Prices, order from

CALIFORNIA FEED CO.

TELEPHONE 121.

Castle & Cooke, LIMITED

LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS

AGENTS FOR New England Mutual Life Insurance Co. OF BOSTON.

First Fire Insurance Company OF HARTFORD.

CHAS. BREWER & CO.'S New York Line.

Ship "St. Katherine" will sail from New York for Honolulu October 1.

For freight apply to CHAS. BREWER & CO., 27 Kilby street, Boston, or CHAS. BREWER & CO., Ltd., Honolulu.

CLARKE'S B. 41 PILLS

ARE WARRANTED TO CURE BRUISES, SWELLINGS, RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL, GOUT, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE URINARY SYSTEM. They are sold by all Chemists and Druggists.

Agents for Hawaiian Islands: HOLLISTER DRUG CO., L.D. BENSON, SMITH & CO. HOERON DRUG CO.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

The Famous Tourist Route of the World.

In Connection With the Canadian-Australian Steamship Line Tickets Are Issued To All Points in the United States and Canada, via Victoria and Vancouver.

MOUNTAIN RESORTS: Banff, Glacier, Mount Stephen and Fraser Canon.

Empress Line of Steamers from Vancouver

Tickets to All Ports in Japan, China, India and Around the World.

For tickets and general information apply to THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LTD., Agents Canadian-Australian S. S. Line, Canadian Pacific Railway.

## Nothing So Bracing—AS—PURE AIR

Everyone enjoys it; your health depends upon it. You can just as well have it as your prudent neighbor. Old and young alike endorse it.

### DISINFECTINE

With the heat of summer comes the foul and disease producing air from the cesspool, vault and cellar. You must be on your guard against the accumulation of trash, garbage, etc.; it is dangerous to have around.

### INSURES

No skill is required to have the air about your home pure. The cost is trifling and effect is wonderful. Disinfectine as prepared by us will serve the purpose.

### PURE

We have it prepared in quantities to supply any of all demands. We will deliver to your home, if within the city limits, a trial bottle at 25 cents. Don't neglect to order a bottle at once.

### AIR.

Those who are familiar with the article order it by the gallon, which proves beyond all doubt that it is the proper thing.

Manufactured only by

HOLLISTER DRUG CO.

SOLE AGENTS.

POWELL'S BALM OF ANISEED

WILL CURE YOUR COUGH.

ALL THE WORLD OVER, THE HOLLISTER DRUG CO. HAS SOLD THIS REMEDY. Its success has been proven throughout the world in the most convincing manner.

UNSOLICITED TESTIMONIALS.

THE DEAN OF MEDICINE, Dr. J. C. Wainwright, writes: "I have used Powell's Balm of Aniseed for many years, and I can say that it is the best remedy I have ever used for coughs and colds. It is a most effective and pleasant remedy, and I can recommend it to all who are afflicted with these troubles."

JOHN D. BROWN, Esq., the eminent author writes: "I think it an invaluable medicine for members of my profession, and have always recommended it to my friends and family. It is a most effective and pleasant remedy, and I can recommend it to all who are afflicted with these troubles."

Mr. Thomas Brown, Esq., of London, writes: "I have used Powell's Balm of Aniseed for many years, and I can say that it is the best remedy I have ever used for coughs and colds. It is a most effective and pleasant remedy, and I can recommend it to all who are afflicted with these troubles."

COUGHS THE PHLEGM IMMEDIATE



## AN OPPORTUNITY

## For Church Work Among the Natives

The Field and the Ministry — Work of the Hawaiian Evangelical Association.

Following is the report of the corresponding secretary, contained in the thirty-sixth annual report of the Board of the Hawaiian Evangelical Association on church work among the natives:

## AN OPPORTUNITY.

The most hopeful feature of this work is the opportunity which is now offered the skillful laborer. The native can now be approached and influenced to a remarkable degree by the right man. Political issues are dead and have been buried, and though the graves in which they lie are still strewn with flowers and are mourned over, there is noticeable a desire to be associated with interests that are alive and fraught with good for the people. Prejudices remain and antipathies are strong, but back of them is a hunger for better things. Many who have drifted away from the churches and from the old teaching are awakened to a sense of loss. A need is recognized which somebody must supply. Numerous agents are in the field. The power of Home and of the Mormon Church is felt, and sectarian workers are coming in. It is a time for our energies to be redoubled.

## SUPERVISING MISSIONARIES.

Already we have three supervising missionaries who devote a part of their time to the native work, and by their help it is taking on a new aspect. This work is more in hand on Kauai than it has been for many years, and each year it has improved under Mr. Lydgate's efficient supervision. On Maui Mr. Lewis' labors are beginning to be felt. The same may be said of that part of Hawaii which is under the supervision of Mr. Hill, while on Oahu it is expected that the influence of Mr. Richards' work done among the Sunday schools and young Hawaiians of the city, will extend over the entire island and ere long reach throughout the group. One more white man for the large island of Hawaii, to have charge of the Kona, is an imperative necessity. A splendid field is offered there to any one willing to learn the native language, and as a Christian leader put himself in touch with the churches and people of that large and populous region.

## THE FIELD AND THE MINISTRY.

The great difficulty we labor under in the conduct of this work is the lack of a properly trained and capable body of ministers. There are at least fourteen parishes in need of pastors; six are on Hawaii, three on Maui, three on Oahu, one on Kauai, and one on Molokai. To meet this need there are four or five men possibly available for service. We have lost one valuable pastor during the year by death; one, a man of large ability and influence has been suspended from the ministry; three have been dismissed from incompetence, one to work at a trade, and two have temporarily retired on account of sickness. Our gains to the regular ministry have been, one by installation and two by ordination. Two students in temporary charge of parishes are doing good work. One missionary from the foreign field has come to us on a furlough, and has lately taken the care of a parish.

An interesting feature of the work in the districts of Hilo and Puna is that done by David A. Ii, under the direction of Rev. S. L. Desha and the local committee (Revs. Cruxan and Hill and Mr. F. S. Lyman), has the care of six pastorless churches which are visited regularly each month; also that done by Evangelist C. W. P. Kaeo, the blind preacher, who, accompanied by his wife, pays monthly visits to from three to four churches in the Kona districts of the island of Hawaii.

It is thus plain that the great need of our native work is of a more numerous and better-trained ministry. The theological school is the key to it. No equipment given fit of money or of a teaching force; that will give us better ministers, can be lost. Natives will follow and are following the capable and consecrated men of their own race who are placed over them as pastors, and when such men can be associated with superintending missionaries of foreign blood who are devoted to upbuilding of the Hawaiian churches, great results can be achieved.

## CHURCH BUILDINGS.

This year, as well as last, has seen a commendable activity in the work of church repair. The old mission church at Kalaupapa, Molokai, has been repaired and replastered and put in a good state of repair; the same has been done for the Popoia church-building of Central Kona; the Kobaia foreign church has been repaired inside and out; the Eastern Hamakua church has been entirely rebuilt, and the Onomea church has been taken down and built again nearer the center of population. Haili church, Hilo, has been furnished with electric lights and the Waihinu church has had a new coat of paint. The state edifice and yard of our Kawaihau church have been much improved in appearance, and needed repairs have been completed on the Kaunakapili church. The mortgage which has so long hampered this church has been paid. Through the careful supervision of Rev. J. Kekahuna repairs and changes have been made on the Waihane church and parsonage which have put the property

into a more compact and satisfactory shape. For lack of funds the Koolau church, Oahu, has not yet been rebuilt at Hialeah, nor has enough money yet been raised to repair the Kaupo and Laupahoehoe churches. It was voted by the Hawaii Association that the long-standing subscription paper for the final repair of the Mokuikaia church of Kailua be closed in June of this year. It is hoped that before long money enough will be received to build the parsonage needed at Keanae, and also one at the Gilbert Islanders' settlement in Lahaina.

In our last report we expressed our appreciation of pastors and laymen who have aided in the good work of church repair. In this we wish to put on record our appreciation of those faithful friends of the Hawaiian, who in the stress of their own duties have given much time and strength and timely advice by way of aiding pastors and struggling deacons, not only in the conduct of Sunday services, but also in collecting and spending monies for church repair.

## INSTALLATIONS, ORDINATIONS, DISMISSALS.

There have been the following installations, ordinations and dismissals: Rev. L. M. Mitchell, installed October 23, 1898, as pastor of the united churches of Kaohoe and Milohi; E. Ekania and J. M. Naeole, ordained April 18, 1899, at Lihue, Kauai; Rev. Daniel Kahoolo, dismissed September 14, 1898, from the pastorate of the church at Laupahoehoe; Rev. S. Kapu, dismissed May 3, 1899, from the pastorate of the church at Walluku, and suspended from the ministry for six months. Besides these changes in the regular order of settlement, Revs. Kailana, Nua and Kaunimui, as acting pastors, were withdrawn from the care of the churches respectively at Oia, Kaohoe and Pelekunu.

## WORK AT NAHIKU

## Laborers' Quarters Already Finished.

Plenty of Seed Cane Being Planted—Main Irrigating Ditch Completed—Farm is Doing Well.

Senator A. Hocking of Maui, in answer to questions concerning the progress of work on the Nahiku plantation, said on Monday:

"Well, there is not much to say, except that work is steadily progressing in every direction. Seed cane is being planted as rapidly as possible, some sixty acres of it is already doing well."

"The work of building quarters for the laborers is practically finished, that is, accommodations for about two hundred, which is all that is needed for the present."

"The main ditch which is to supply water for irrigation purposes when needed and for fluming the cane is already completed, the ditch being about four miles in length. Side ditches connecting with the main one are now being dug and the work is well along."

"The people who are farming cane for the plantation on shares have lost no time this summer, but I have no data with me to give you the exact acreage put in. However, it is more than we expected."

"Labor is scarce on Maui and especially at Nahiku, but that is only a temporary inconvenience. What plowing we have done so far has been with mules, as we could not wait for steam plows. You may safely say that the general progress has been most satisfactory so far."

## PRESIDENT ROCA.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Aug. 8.—The Argentine squadron, escorting President Roca of the Argentine Republic, has arrived here. Festes lasting nine days have been arranged in honor of President Roca.

A Brazilian squadron went out to receive the Argentine warships. The Campos Sales, on board the Rio President of Brazil, Dr. Ferraz de Chueilo, inside the bay, received President Roca and his suite in the presence of the members of the Brazilian Cabinet and a number of Brazilian generals and Senators.

President Roca was then taken ashore in a magnificent barge and lodged in the presidential palace.

## CANNOT BE A PEER.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—Henry Labouchere says in Truth that "the rumor that William Waldorf Astor will soon be raised to the peerage assumes that it is possible, but a law passed during the reign of William III. deprives the Crown of the power of conferring the rank of peer upon naturalized citizens. It was enacted because the king was converting too many Dutch Republicans into British peers."

"A baronet or a knight Mr. Astor could be, and, if he is ready to pay, there is no doubt that he will find no difficulty in negotiating the matter."

## TROOPS FOR AFRICA.

LONDON, August 9.—The additional troops ordered to be in readiness for transportation to South Africa include a battalion of the Grenadier Guards and three batteries of artillery.

## "I AM INNOCENT!"

## So Says Captain Dreyfus on His Trial.

Stirring Scenes Attending the Second Court-Martial of This Not-bis Frenchman.

RENNES, Aug. 7.—Interesting scenes attended the opening of the second court-martial of Dreyfus this morning. At 7 o'clock M.M. Laborie and Demange and Major Carrière, with assistants, took their seats and the witnesses followed. Former President Casimir-Perier entered shortly before 7. The ex-President found himself between Generals Billot and Chanoin, both in parade uniform. Other ex-Ministers of War, Generals Merle and Zurlinden and Cavaignac were seated behind. Colonel Picquart took a seat without any demonstration for or against him.

There was a rattle of arms, and a moment later Colonel Jouaust, followed by the other members of the court, walked on the stage from a room behind and took seats at the table.

The members of the court-martial are as follows: President, Colonel Jouaust, director in the Engineer Corps; Lieutenant Colonel Brongniart, director of the School of Artillery; Major De Broom of the Seventh Regiment of Artillery; Major Prouillet of the Tenth Regiment of Artillery; Major Merle of the Seventh Regiment of Artillery; Captain Parfait of the Seventh Regiment of Artillery; Captain Beauvais of the Seventh Regiment of Artillery.

Immediately after Colonel Jouaust was seated he gave the order to bring in the prisoner. All eyes were then turned to the right of the stage, on which side was a door leading into the room in which Dreyfus was awaiting the summons. Almost everybody but the most prominent officers stood on their feet; some mounted the benches to obtain a better view. There were subdued cries of "sit down," amid which the door opened and Captain Alfred Dreyfus, preceded and followed by a gendarme, emerged into the courtroom. His features were deathly pale and his teeth were set with a determined but not defiant bearing. He walked quietly with almost an elastic step, and ascended the three steps leading to the platform in front of the judges. There he drew himself up erect, brought his right hand sharply to the peak of his military cap, giving his military salute, showing that his years of incarceration on Devil's Island and the terrible anguish of body and mind had not impaired his soldierly instinct and bearing.

The prisoner then removed his kepi and took the seat placed for him, facing his judges, just in front of his counsel's table and with his back to the audience. Behind him sat a gendarme holding a sheathed sabre in his hand.

Dreyfus, in a new uniform of captain of artillery, dark blue with red facings, fixedly regarded the judges with immovable features and without stirring hand or foot, scarcely even moving his head during the whole proceedings.

After the court had decided not to adjourn on account of the absence of certain witnesses the clerk of the court was ordered to read d'Ormescheville's bill of indictment of 1894, which he did in a loud voice, Dreyfus, in the meanwhile, listening unmoved as the old charges against him were read.

Colonel Jouaust then handed the prisoner a long slip of cardboard upon which the bordereau was pasted.

"Do you recognize this document?"

Dreyfus replied with a passionate outburst: "No, my colonel. I am innocent. I declare here, as I declared in 1894, I am a victim."

His voice here was choked with sobs, which must have stirred every spectator in the court. The voice of the prisoner did not seem human. It resembled the cry of a wounded animal. He ended his reply with the words: "Five years in the galleys! My wife, my children! My God! I am innocent, innocent!"

Colonel Jouaust said, "Then you deny it?"

Dreyfus replied, "Yes, my colonel."

Colonel Jouaust then read the bordereau and afterwards proceeded to examine Dreyfus on its contents, a proceeding which was liable to take many days, as it contained between three and four hundred documents.

## A MINISTER'S LIFE SAVED.

The Rev. W. B. Costley, of Stockbridge, Ga., while attending to his pastoral duties at Ellenwood, that State, was attacked by cholera morbus. He says: "By chance I happened to get hold of a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and I think it was the means of saving my life. It relieved me at once." For sale by Benson, Smith & Co., Wholesale Agents for H. L. and all druggists and dealers.

## SLEEP FOR SKIN-TORTURED BABIES

And rest for tired mothers in a warm bath with CUTICURA Soap, and a single anointing with CUTICURA (ointment), purest of emollients and greatest of skin cures. This treatment will afford instant relief, and point to a speedy cure of the most torturing, disfiguring, humiliating, itching, burning, bleeding, crusted, scaly skin and scalp humors, with loss of hair, when all else fails.

Sold throughout the world. British depot: F. NEWBURY & SONS, London. POTTER D. AND C. CO., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A. "How to Cure Skin-tortured Babies," post free.

EVERY HUMOUR From Pimples to Scrofula cured by CUTICURA REMEDIES.

## California Fertilizer Works

OFFICE: 227 North St., San Francisco, Cal.  
FACTORIES: South San Francisco and Berkeley, Cal.

J. E. MILLER, MANAGER.

MANUFACTURERS OF PURE BONE FERTILIZERS AND PURE BONE MEAL.

DEALERS IN.....

## Fertilizer Materials!

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Have constantly on hand the following good—adapted to the island trade:

HIGH GRADE CANE MANURE, & FERTILIZERS, NITRATE OF SODA, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA, HIGH GRADE SULPHATE OF POTASH, FISH GUANO, WOOL DUST, ETC.

Special Measures Manufactured to Order.

The manure is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS, made entirely from clean bone treated with acid. Dry Blood and Fish, Potash and Magnesia salts. No adulteration of any kind is used, and every ton is sold under a guaranteed analysis. One ton of our thousand tons are almost exactly alike, and for excellent mechanical condition and high analysis have no superior in the market.

The superiority of Pure Bone over any other Phosphoric Material for Fertilizer is so well known that it needs no explanation. The large and constantly increasing demand for the Fertilizers manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS is the best possible proof of their superior quality.

A Stock of these Fertilizers will be kept constantly on hand and for sale on the usual terms, by

## C. Brewer &amp; Co., Ltd.

HONOLULU AGENTS CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS

## Shot Guns AND Cartridges

Have you seen our new importations in this line? If not, move in and take a look. We have the neatest article in the way of a single breech loader, 12 gauge, just the thing for those who want to keep a cheap gun on hand to shoot Mongoose or Mynahs and do not care to have an expensive gun for sporting. You will wonder how we can sell these for \$12.00, but we do and this lot is going fast.

We have a fine assortment of good cartridges both in smokeless and black powders, also everything needed to make your own cartridges if you wish. Rifles, Revolvers, and everything in this line at lowest prices, at

## E. O. HALL &amp; SON,

—LIMITED.—

Read the Hawaiian Gazette

## INSURANCE.

Theo. H. Davies & Co.  
(Limited.)

AGENTS FOR FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

Northern Assurance Company,  
OF LONDON, FOR FIRE AND LIFE. Established 1836.  
Accumulated Funds .... £23,975,000.

British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co

OF LIVERPOOL, FOR MARINE.  
Capital ..... £1,000,000.

Reduction of Rates.  
Immediate Payment of Claims.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LTD.  
AGENTS

J. S. WALKER,

General Agent Hawa. Isl.

Royal Insurance Company.

ALLIANCE INSURANCE CO.;

ALLIANCE MARINE AND GENERAL INSURANCE CO.;

WILHELMIA OF MADGEBURG INSURANCE CO.;

SUN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA.

SCOTTISH UNION AND NATIONAL UNION.

Room 12, Spreckels Block.

Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Co

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of  
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agts.

German Lloyd Marine Insurance Co OF BERLIN.

Fortuna General Insurance Co OF BERLIN.

The above Insurance Companies have established a general agency here, and the undersigned, general agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.  
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.,  
General Agents.

General Insurance Co. for Sea, River and Land Transport of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands, the undersigned general agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.  
F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.,  
Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

TRANS-ATLANTIC FIRE INS. CO. OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company and reserve, reinsurance companies ..... 6,000,000  
Capital their reinsurance companies ..... 101,650,000  
Total reinsurance ..... 107,650,000

North German Fire Insurance Co OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company and reserve, reinsurance companies ..... 8,830,000  
Capital their reinsurance companies ..... 35,000,000  
Total reinsurance ..... 43,830,000

The undersigned, general agents of the above two companies, for the Hawaiian Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Machinery, etc.; also Sugar and Rice Mills, and Vessels in the harbor, against loss or damage by fire, on the most favorable terms.  
H. HACKFELD & CO., Limited.

North British & Mercantile Insurance Co

TOTAL FUNDS AT 31st DECEMBER, 1898, £18,955,465.  
1—Authorized Capital—£2,000,000  
Subscribed ..... 2,000,000  
Paid up Capital ..... 987,500 0 0  
2—Fire Funds ..... 2,745,455 7 11  
3—Life and Annuity Funds ..... 10,202,509 17 11  
£15,955,465 5 10  
Revenue Fire Branch ..... 1,539,530 8 8  
Revenue Life and Annuity Branches ..... 1,415,232 18 8  
£2,954,762 6 11

The Accumulated Funds of the Fire and Life Departments are free from liability in respect of each other.

ED. HOFFSCHLAGER & CO.  
Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.



AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE.



## SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

## ARRIVED AT HONOLULU.

Tuesday, August 15.  
Stmr. Kauai, Bruhn, 9 hrs. from Kaunapali; 4,750 sacks-sugar to H. Hackfeld & Co.  
Br. stmr. Belgian King, Thomas L. Weiss, from Yokohama, August 2: 33 tons general merchandise, 376 Japanese.

H. M. S. Egeria, Captain Smyth, from San Francisco, July 14, on cable-sounding cruise.  
U. S. S. Ironclad, Lieut. Com. Pond, from Waimea, with 18 officers and crew from foundered stmr. City of Columbia.

Am. schr. Robert Lewers, Goodman, from Kaunakakai.  
Br. stmr. Gaelic, Finch, 6 days 8 hrs. 20 min. from San Francisco: pass. and mds. to H. Hackfeld & Co.  
Br. stmr. Moana, Carey, 5 days, 20 hrs. from San Francisco: pass. and mds. to Wm G. Irwin & Co.

Wednesday, August 16.  
Am. schr. Aloha, R. Dabel, from San Francisco, July 29: 2,000 tons general merchandise, 4 horses, 3 cases chickens.  
Stmr. Helene, Welsbarth, from Kihel and Kaunakakai.

Thursday, August 17.  
Am. schr. Eureka, Buhne, O. Anderson, from Eureka, July 29: 329,717 feet of lumber.  
Stmr. Ke Au Hou, Mosher, from Hanalei: 4 pkgs. sundries.  
Slp. Volante, from fishing cruise.  
Schr. Kawailani, Sam, from Koolau.  
Schr. Kaulakea, Ialua, from Elele.

## SAILED FROM HONOLULU.

Tuesday, August 15.  
Stmr. Upolu, Henningsen, Kohala.  
Stmr. Claudine, Freeman, Hilo.  
Stmr. Maui, Macdonald, Maui ports.  
Stmr. W. G. Hall, Thompson, Newell-will.  
Stmr. Mikahala, Petersen, Makaweli.  
Br. S. S. Doric, Harry Smith, San Francisco.  
Br. stmr. Belgian King, Weiss, San Francisco.

Wednesday, August 16.  
U. S. transport, ship Tacoma, Pederesen, Manila.  
Br. stmr. W. G. Irwin, Williams, San Francisco.  
Schr. Ada, Nelson, Hanalei.  
Schr. Kawailani, Sam, from Koolau.  
Stmr. Iwalani, Gregory, Honolulu.  
Stmr. James Makee, Tullet, Kapas.  
Schr. Moi Wahine, Kuanol, for Paauilo.

Thursday, August 17.  
Am. brgn. W. G. Irwin, E. A. Williams, San Francisco.  
Am. schr. Okanogan, F. E. Rensch, Port Townsend, in ballast.  
Br. S. S. Gaelic, Finch, Japan and China.  
Br. S. S. Moana, Carey, Apia, Auckland and Sydney.

U. S. S. Boston, Hughes, San Francisco.  
Stmr. Eliza Thompson, Whitney, Seattle: empty kegs, etc., in cans money; total value, \$673.75.  
Stmr. J. A. Cummins, Searle, Waimanalo.  
Stmr. Kiloana, Thompson, Elele and Makaweli.

Missionary bktn. Morning Star, Garland, for Micronesia, 1,500 feet lumber, sewing machine, 1 case dry goods, sundries; total value, \$128.60.  
Schr. Ada, Nelson, Hanalei and Kailiwal.  
Haw. sh. Star of Italy, Wester, Puget Sound in ballast.

## SPOKEN.

Per schr. J. D. Tallant—Aug. 2, lat 38 08 N, lon 131 W, bkt. S. G. Wilder, from Honolulu for San Francisco.

## FOREIGN PORTS

PORT GAMBLE—Arrived, August 5, schr. C. S. Holmes, from Honolulu.  
SYDNEY—Arrived, prior to August 8, stmr. Mariposa, hence July 13.  
ASTORIA—Arrived, August 5, Br. sh. Kilmorey, from Honolulu.

HONGKONG—Arrived, August 9, Br. stmr. Carlisle City, after being ashore, and is extensively damaged.  
SYDNEY—Arrived, prior to August 8, stmr. Mariposa, hence July 13.  
PORT TOWNSEND—Arrived, August 6, schr. Corona, from Kailua.

HONGKONG—Sailed, August 5, stmr. Nippon Maru, for Honolulu.  
PORT LUDLOW—Sailed, August 7, schr. Bangor, for Honolulu.  
PORT BLAKELEY—Sailed, August 7, bkt. Amelia, for Honolulu.

GRAY'S HARBOR—Arrived, August 6, schr. A. J. West, from Honolulu.  
AUCKLAND—Sailed, August 7, stmr. Alameda, for Honolulu.  
IQUIQUE—Sailed, August 4 bkt. Omega, for Honolulu.

SAN FRANCISCO—Arrived, August 5, bk. Albert, from Honolulu; schr. J. D. Tallant, from Hilo; August 6, U. S. S. Badger, from Honolulu; August 7, bk. Hayden Brown, from Kahului; August 8, bk. Colusa, from Kahului. Sailed, August 8, bkt. S. N. Castle, for Honolulu.

NEW YORK—Arrived, August 4 sh. Henry B. Hyde from Hilo.  
CALETA BUENA—Arrived, June 28, bkt. Gleaner, from Coquimbó for Honolulu.

## FREIGHTS AND CHARTERS

Falls of Clyde, Haw. sh. 1,740 tons—Pass. and mds. San Francisco to Hilo by J. D. Spreckels & Bros. Co.  
Olga, Am. sch. 444 tons (now at Tacoma)—Lumber thence to Honolulu by Charles Nelson.  
Uncle John, Am. bkt. 272 tons—Redwood from Eureka to Honolulu by J. R. Hanity & Co.

COLUSA bark, 1,111 tons, coal from Departure Bay to Honolulu.  
MARTHA DAVIS, bark, 780 tons at San Francisco, returns to Honolulu in the Planters' line.

J. B. LEEDS schooner, 218 tons—Lumber from Gray's Harbor to Honolulu—Chartered by the S. E. Slade Lumber Company.

A. J. WEST schooner, 483 tons, lumber from Gray's Harbor to Honolulu—Chartered by the S. E. Slade Lumber Company.

## PASSENGERS.

## Arrived.

From San Francisco, per stmr. Moana, August 15.—Miss M. E. Krout, Dr. and Mrs. J. H. Raymond, Miss M. H. Perley, Mrs. E. K. Pratt, Lieutenant Philip Andrews, Mrs. C. C. McCall and son, J. H. Bishop, Miss M. Chase, C. I. Luersgaw, Miss Minnie Bowers, Miss K. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Grate-man and child, P. Martin, Mrs. W. H. Hooge and three children, Miss Love, Mrs. E. F. Berger, O. H. Walker and wife, A. E. Corder, Mrs. B. A. Levall, Miss S. Watt, W. C. Weedon, A. C. Russell, Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Thurston, Mrs. A. W. Pearson, Professor A. Koebele, Mrs. G. S. Byrns and 2 children, Miss C. Fassett, Mrs. J. F. Morgan and child, Miss M. Lucas, Miss S. Livingstone, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Magdon and 4 children, Captain R. Engel, Mrs. Smith and daughter, Mrs. Moore and infant, Mr. and Mrs. F. Mills and child, Miss A. Lyatt, Mrs. Alva and child, M. Brandt, M. D. Umson, Miss A. Phillips, A. Nelson, Mrs. Scrimger, Miss I. Elshner, I. W. Hoffman, J. J. Butler, J. Ludwig, M. J. Halpin, Miss R. O. Bryne, H. Brand, Mrs. Jas. Cullen, W. Gray, D. Duggan, M. McHale, N. C. Finley, Mrs. B. C. Finley, Mrs. S. Miller, Mrs. M. G. Johnston, Miss C. M. Takaboor, Mrs. E. E. Mossman, F. Mitchell, Miss D. T. Polser, Mrs. Burns and child, Mrs. E. Wiser, A. McLellan, Master Ramsay, L. Ramsay, Mrs. Ramsay, C. Mier, P. Jamison, C. Couran, M. B. Miyefap, J. F. Dougherty, Mrs. S. Thomkins, Master Thomkins, E. Stindman, M. S. McLean, J. F. Scott, J. Spencer, R. Whalen, L. M. Straus, Miss Paulson, Mrs. Kate Paulson, Mrs. B. O. Clark, Miss A. Clark, Miss F. A. Aspovey, E. Wickman, Miss F. Dollinger, Mrs. Dollinger, J. S. Bailey, Miss H. Wise, Mrs. R. Brown and child, Mrs. H. Warren and infant, Miss E. Delty, Miss M. Deity, Miss McMillan, Mrs. F. McMillan, Miss J. Carlson, Mrs. W. F. Patty, Miss Patty, Master Patty, Miss Ulehor, Mrs. Arendt and 2 children, Miss Petermann, Mrs. E. Holcombe and 2 children, J. Martin, James Cullen, J. Sherwood, T. Patton, C. Carr, J. F. McEntee, E. J. Waller, A. Dawestrow, Mrs. H. T. Larsen and 2 children, Wm. Voigt, E. H. Wilders, F. W. Shields, J. Carlson, Apia—Captain R. Engel, Mrs. G. H. Stafford, G. L. Russell, S. E. Hubbard, Auckland, N. Z.—Prof. J. McMillan, J. N. Povstick, Mrs. H. Pollock, 2 children and maid, T. A. Ruddle, Mrs. A. Fordham, M. W. Paery, A. H. Brown, wife and son, F. Flasette, Mrs. Anderson, Mr. W. Brasse, daughters and 2 children. For Sydney, N. S. W.—Mrs. H. M. Virtue and 2 children, M. R. Lancaster, H. E. Raymond, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Giles, A. Richard, R. Giles, J. W. Butcher, R. M. Atwater and two children, R. Malcolm, J. W. Warren, E. Warren, L. J. Davies, A. D. Ford, W. J. Brower, J. T. Richardson, Mr. and Mrs. Moses Isaacs, Miss Isaacs, T. H. Noonan, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Henderson, James Muir, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Goodmanson and 2 children, E. Elcks, J. Whalley, Mr. and Mrs. A. Elcks, Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Peterson, L. W. Dodge, N. Miller, J. Matins, Miss L. M. White, Miss E. Callahan, Dr. McEl Henderson, W. Tuckfield.

## Departed.

For Hawaii and Maui ports, per stmr. Claudine, August 15.—Hilo and Volcano—Dr. W. L. Moore, R. M. Macaulay, E. R. Folson, R. Ivers, J. A. McCaslin and wife, Mrs. Archibald, Mr. Colgate, George Brand, J. W. Bergstrom, F. S. Dodge, C. N. Spencer, J. Eskew, Mr. Hamilton, W. Chilton, Jr., George Duncan, Mrs. Tsuchihama, J. C. Maconchie, J. G. Serrao, F. H. Brook, Mr. Kindall, R. Duncan, Geo. Shiffen and wife, Miss L. Hapai, Kaunakakai—J. S. McCandless, B. L. Schwallie, J. M. Smith, Kawailani—P. Jarrett, A. L. C. Atkinson, Mahukona—Misses Gardner (2), Kibel—G. A. Kuna, A. W. Hawkinson, Mrs. Julia and child, W. Pogue, R. Wylie, W. G. Zoller, Makana—Tong Hop, Maalaea—T. Ayong, Lahaina—G. M. Hancock, Geo. Smith and wife, W. L. Decoto, D. Kahaulelio.

For Maui ports, per stmr. Maui, August 15.—Kahului—G. W. Greig, Captain O. C. Young, Mrs. Piemmer, Mrs. H. C. Mossman, Mr. Young, A. Sinclair, J. W. Marshall, W. J. Coelho, Mrs. Pualele, Hugh Morrison, Miss Morrison, Miss Center, Hanna—W. A. McKay, Nahiaku—A. Hocking.

For Makaweli, per stmr. Mikahala, August 15.—J. Scott, Masters Cotton (2).

For Kauai, per stmr. W. G. Hall, August 15.—Prof. A. S. Bickmore, C. C. Langill, M. Brash, Miss Kanoho, J. Ryan, J. Smith, Mr. Campbell, H. M. Wells, W. J. Wells, D. L. Peterson, Mr. Murphy, J. Miller, J. A. Buckley, C. Knackstadt.

For San Francisco, per stmr. Doric, August 15.—J. A. Gilman and wife, Mrs. M. B. Hawley, Miss Gertrude Brown, E. Brown, K. F. Brown, Mrs. M. E. Tenney, Mr. and Mrs. MacFarlane, 2 children and maid, Mrs. Schmidt, Mr. and Mrs. Rinaldi, Geo. J. Hind and son, Miss E. M. Hind, Miss Rodman, Mrs. Gilliam, Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Robertson, E. W. Dixon, O. T. Bannard, B. Sparks, Mrs. John Gibson, H. W. Rolfe, wife and child, Prince David Kawanakoa and servant, Mrs. Dr. Clarkham, Mrs. H. B. Arnold, Miss Arnold, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Adams, W. H. Baird, R. Pollak, Wm. H. Mahuka and servant, Mrs. Paxton, A. B. Smith, Mrs. Silva and 5 soldiers.

For Apia, Auckland and Sydney, per S. S. Moana, August 16.—Mrs. Polak and child, Mrs. A. H. Pifield, Mrs. E. Wilson and 5 children, Miss Whistler.

For San Francisco, per brgn. W. G. Irwin, August 15.—J. Emmeluth, Jr. Peter Toah.

For the Orient, per stmr. Gaelic, August 16.—Rev. W. M. Kincaid, Miss Lewers, Miss McIntyre, J. Sloat Fassett and family, C. H. Crocker, W. R.

Lembrecht, J. P. White, E. N. Whitely, J. W. Brown, Ernest Carter and sister, Mrs. Jones.

For Micronesia, per Morning Star, August 17.—Killion, Michael Miller, For Makaweli, per stmr. Kiloana, August 17.—Miss Fassett, Mrs. J. K. Farley, Miss Blake, P. Naone.

## WANTED AND WANTED.

The next regular steamer from the Coast is the Hongkong Maru, due next Wednesday afternoon.

The barkentine Planter is loading a general cargo in San Francisco for Wahia plantation. It is expected she will discharge at Elele.

The steamship Belgic, well known here, is now at the yards of Harlan & Wolff, Belfast, and has been purchased by the Atlantic Transport Company, to run between New York and London.

The Nippon Maru, due next week from Yokohama, will be about two days late on account of delay in various ports. It will be remembered she was late in leaving here for the Orient.

Captain Finch of the Gaelic sighted the Moana all right on the trip from San Francisco, which ended in Honolulu Tuesday night. But he didn't sight her until Diamond Head was reached.

The steamer City of Sydney was chartered by the Government from the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, August 8 at San Francisco. She will be ready at once to carry troops to Manila.

The California and Oriental, a steamer Belgian King discharged a small lot of freight at Pacific Mail wharf yesterday. She brought 876 Japanese immigrants, arriving in the early morning and sailing for San Diego in the afternoon.

The missionary steam barkentine Morning Star sailed for Micronesia yesterday morning with two passengers, a sewing machine and 1,500 feet of lumber. She will go first to Kusaie and Ponape, thence to the Gilbert and Marshall Islands. She will return next spring at the usual time.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 8.—The bark Colusa, with sugar from Honolulu, reported by Captain Ewart that on August 5 and 6 she met with strong northeast gales and a very heavy sea, which pressed her to starboard and shifted her cargo. She entered port yesterday morning with a list. She was preceded shortly by the Hayden Brown and the Mary Dodge, twenty-three days from Kahului and the Martha Davis, twenty-two days from Honolulu, all sugar packets.

At Union Iron Works, San Francisco, on July 27, the keel of the largest merchant steamer ever built on the Pacific Coast was ready to be laid. The new vessel is to be named California and will be 451 feet long, 51 feet broad, with a displacement of 12,000 tons and a carrying capacity of 8,250 tons. The California will be owned by the American-Hawaiian Steamship Company. Two more steamers will be added to the line, all of which will be freight carriers, plying between San Francisco, Honolulu and New York.

The dipper of the big dredger at the foot of Richards street, intended for the excavation of the new ship there, is now in position and by next Monday will be hoisting up debris. The dipper has a capacity of two tons and it is expected that she will be able to hoist three loads, or six tons, a minute into the receiving scow, which will be placed alongside the dredger. This scow, or well, will be unloaded by a centrifugal pump forcing the water and rocks through the pipes on the land Walkiki of the public market.

## NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, the mortgagee in that certain mortgage from Ahuna to Akau & Co. of Kailua, North Kona, Island of Hawaii, for seven hundred (\$700) dollars, dated September 26th, 1896, and recorded in the Register Office, Oahu, in Liber 163, on pages 428 and 429, by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained intends to foreclose the same for breach of condition, to wit: non-payment of principal and interest when due.

The property described in said mortgage is as follows:

1. That parcel of land being the shares of Keno and Nakula of the land of Kupo, deceased, situate at Kalaoka, North Kona, Island of Hawaii, said to contain twenty-seven and three-quarters (27 3/4) acres, more or less, which was conveyed by Paiva and Paie, his wife, to said Ahuna by deed dated June 18th, 1892, and recorded in Honolulu in Liber 146, pages 165 and 166.

2. The lease of a certain parcel of land situate at Hamanama, North Kona, Island of Hawaii, from Kaimu to said Ahuna, dated February 26th, 1896, and recorded in Liber 161, page 259.

In accordance with the above notice, the above described property will be sold at public auction at the auction rooms of James F. Morgan, Queen street, Honolulu, on Saturday, September 9th, A. D. 1899, at 12 o'clock noon C. AKAU & CO., Mortgagees.

KINNEY, BALLOU & McCLANAHAN, Attorneys for Mortgagees. 2099-2T-F

## ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

AT THE ANNUAL MEETING OF the stockholders of the Hawaii Boda Works Co., Ltd., held at Kohala, Hawaii, on August 5, 1899, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year, viz:

E. P. Low, President  
W. P. McDougall, Vice President  
Adam Lindsay, Sec. and Treas.  
George P. Tulloch, Auditor  
R. Laing, Manager

AD. LINDSAY, Sec. Hawaii S. Works Co., Ltd. Kohala, Hawaii, Aug. 7, 1899. 2099-3T

## BY AUTHORITY.

THE FOLLOWING APPOINTMENTS have been this day made on the Road Board for the Island of Lanai, viz:

L. M. Vetelsen—Chairman.  
W. F. C. Hasson.  
H. Mortensen.

J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, Aug. 9, 1899. 2097-3T

A. F. Tavares, Esq., has this day been appointed a Commissioner of Private Ways and Water Rights for the District of Makawao, Island of Maui, vice James Anderson, resigned.

J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, July 17, 1899. 2098-3T

A. F. Tavares, Esq., has this day been appointed a Notary Public for the Second Judicial Circuit of the Hawaiian Islands.

J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, June 26, 1899. 2098-3T

R. C. SEARLE, ESQ., HAS THIS day been appointed a member of the Road Board for the Taxation District of Lahaina, Island of Maui, vice A. N. Hayselden, resigned.

J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, Aug. 8, 1899. 2097-3T

W. A. BALDWIN, ESQ., HAS THIS day been appointed a member of the Road Board for the Taxation District of Waimea, Island of Kauai, vice E. E. Conant, resigned.

J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, Aug. 8, 1899. 2097-3T

W. A. BALDWIN, ESQ., HAS THIS day been appointed a member of the Road Board for the Taxation District of Waimea, Island of Kauai, vice E. E. Conant, resigned.

J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, Aug. 8, 1899. 2097-3T

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J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, Aug. 8, 1899. 2097-3T

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J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, Aug. 8, 1899. 2097-3T

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J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, Aug. 8, 1899. 2097-3T

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J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, Aug. 8, 1899. 2097-3T

W. A. BALDWIN, ESQ., HAS THIS day been appointed a member of the Road Board for the Taxation District of Waimea, Island of Kauai, vice E. E. Conant, resigned.

J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, Aug. 8, 1899. 2097-3T

Notice the following lots of Government land:

WAIMALU, EWA.  
1st. Lot of 25-100 acres in the III of Pohakupui, Waimalu Valley, about one mile mauka of Government road. Upset price, \$150.00.

2nd. Lot of 2-10 acres in Kahikoa, Waimalu Valley, about 1/2 mile mauka of Government road. Upset price, \$75.00.

"AIEA" EWA.  
Lot containing 21 1/2 of an acre, kula and wet land mauka of the Government road. Upset price, \$10.00.

Terms of above sale, Cash in U. S. Gold. For plans or further particulars apply at Public Lands Office, Honolulu. J. F. BROWN, Agent of Public Lands. July 26, 1899. 2091

PUBLIC LANDS NOTICE.

OLAA, PUNA, HAWAII.

On Saturday, September 2d, at 10 a. m. at the Court House, Hilo, Hawaii, will be sold at public auction under conditions of residence and improvement, and easy terms of payment within a period of ten years:

About 360 lots of 50 acres each in New Olas Tract recently surveyed. Purchaser of one lot may bid for second lot in actual contact with the first, except in case of lots on main road.

Lots will be offered at upset price of from \$1 to \$20 per acre, according to quality and location. Full particulars as to all conditions of sale may be had on application in person or by mail to the Public Lands office or to any of the local land offices.

J. F. BROWN, Agent of Public Lands. July 3, 1899. 2086

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FIRST CIRCUIT, HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

Annie Lackland, plaintiff, vs. William O. Lackland, defendant.—Libel in Divorce.

The Republic of Hawaii, to the Marshal of the Hawaiian Islands, or his Deputy, Greeting:

You are commanded to summon William O. Lackland, defendant, in case he shall file written answer within twenty days after service hereof, to be and appear before the said Circuit Court at the August term thereof, to be held at Honolulu, Island of Oahu, on Monday, the 7th day of August, next, at 10 o'clock a. m., to show cause why the claim of Annie Lackland, plaintiff, should not be awarded to her pursuant to the tenor of her annexed petition; and have you then there this writ with full return of your proceedings thereon.

WITNESS: HON. A. PERRY, First Judge of the Circuit Court of the First Circuit, at Honolulu, Oahu, this 10th day of July, 1899. (L. S.) J. A. THOMPSON, Clerk.

I certify the foregoing to be a true, full and faithful copy of the original summons, and that said cause was ordered continued to the next November (1899) term of said court.

HENRY SMITH, Clerk Judicial Department. Honolulu, H. I., Aug. 8, 1899. 2097-8T

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT, FIFTH CIRCUIT OF THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

In the Matter of the Estate of Friedrich Kaiser, late of Waimea, Kauai, deceased intestate.

The petition of J. F. Hackfeld, Imperial German Consul, having been filed, alleging that said Friedrich Kaiser died intestate at said Waimea, Kauai, on the 30th day of March, 1899, leaving property in the Hawaiian Islands necessary to be administered upon and praying that letters of administration issue to him, it is ordered that Thursday, the 14th day of September, 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m., be and hereby is appointed for hearing said petition in the court room of this court at Lihue, Island of Kauai, at which time and place all persons concerned may appear and show cause, if any they have, why said petition should not be granted.

By the Court. HENRY SMITH, Clerk Judicial Dept. Dated, August 1st, 1899. 2095-4T

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT, FIRST CIRCUIT OF THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

In the Matter of the Estate of Edward Vivian, Thomas Everett and Lucy Kawalohia Richardson, Minors.

On reading and filing the petition of Wm. O. Smith, Guardian, praying for an order of sale of certain real estate belonging to said minors and setting forth certain legal reasons why such real estate should be sold, it is hereby ordered that all persons interested in the said estate appear before this Court on Wednesday, the 30th day of August, A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m., in the courtroom of this Court, in Honolulu, Oahu, then and there to show cause why an order should not be granted.

By the Court: GEORGE LUCAS, Clerk. Honolulu, H. I., Aug. 10, 1899. 5808-2T 2097-4G

Only the highest grade of RED RUBBER is used in the Stamps